Advertise in the "Times"

THE DELIA TIMES

Classified Ads bring results

An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

Vol. XII., No. 25 DELIA, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 19, 1930 Subscription $1.50 a Year

Farmers' Store News

95c. week, June 19th to 25th

2 pair Ladies' Cotton Hose	.95c	Men's Work Gloves	.95c
4 yards Print	.95c	3 pair Grey Cotton Gloves	.95c
4 " Curtain Scrim	.95c	3 " Shoe Laces	
4 " Sateen	.95c	7 " Men's Cotton Sox	.95c
5 Linen Tea Towels	.95c	3 " Men's Cotton Sox (heavy)	.95c
3 Bias Tape		Men's Dress Belts	.95c
1 Linen Thread	.95c	1 pair Men's Dress Sox	
3 Spools Thread		2 White Handkerchiefs	.95c
2 Rolls Tape		1 pair Men's Garters	
1 pair Ladies' Rayon Bloomers	.95c	1 " Cuff Links	.95c
3 yds. W. Elastic			
Deer Hair Sweat Pads	.95c	Sanitone Flat Wall Paint, variety of nice colors, quarts	.95c
Syrup Pitchers—White Enamel	.95c	4 Cups and Saucers, fancy	.95c
12-quart Galv. Pails, 2 for	.95c	1 doz. Tumblers	.95c
Pint Utilac, any color	.95c	New Gillette Razors	.95c
Aluminum Tea Kettle	.95c		
1 lb. Salada Tea	.95c	3 lbs. Macaroni	
½ lb. Fry's Cocoa		1 pkt. China Oats	.95c
2 large Sun Sockeye Salmon	.95c	2 lbs. Icing Sugar	
4 tins Pork and Beans		1 lb. Blue Ribbon Tea	.95c
1 tin Strawberry & Apple Jam	.95c	4 pkts. Nu-Jell	
11 Classic Soap			
1 Lux (large)	.95c	2 pkts. Muffets	.95c
2 Reckitt's Blue		10 lbs. Sugar	

Delia Farmers' Co-operative Association, Ltd.

Phone your Order to 39

Notes from Sunbeam

There were no Sunbeam items in the Times last week owing to the fact that your correspondent had blown away, just returning on Monday morning's breeze from the southeast.

Our community was well represented at Meeheche Sports on Wednesday, 11 inst. Of special interest was the softball tournament, in which five schools took part. The winning team was one made up from two schools—Mt. Carmel and Sunbeam. Both young people and grown ups voted Meeheche a splendid place to go for a good time.

It's understand that a number from here attended the U.F.A. special service in the Morrin Hall last Sunday. There was a good crowd, and Mr. McDonald's address on "What am I Worth?" was pronounced par excellence.

The Sunbeam Sunday School has been invited to Morrin for next Sunday, and we are informed that the invitation has been accepted and that the Sunday School plans to be present en masse.

Owing to Thursday being election day, the Community Club will meet on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Art Nelson.

Card of Thanks

[Under this heading are charged 10 cts. per line, an amount to be sent in with the notice.]

John and Mrs Jackson would like to thank the neighbors who so generously helped to put in his crop this spring.

Lumberyard Bargains

Screen Doors

We have on hand at Delia a number of SCREEN DOORS of different kinds and in three sizes. These are all A1 Doors, well manufactured of Clear Cedar and 14 inches thick. While they last you can buy them from us at wholesale prices, plus freight—that is, at just what they cost us. This is your opportunity to get a good Screen Door at the right time and at a right price.

We also offer at wholesale prices some Combination Storm and Screen Doors. These are well manufactured of Clear Cedar and 14 inches thick.

Firewood

You are reminded that we are handling Block Wood, sound and dry. This is just what you want for a short, quick fire these hot days.

F. C. Richert Company, Ltd.

DELIA, Alberta.

Pool Elevator Policy Subject of Discussion

Delegates of the Alberta wheat pool from all over the province met in special session at the Palliser hotel last Thursday morning. The purpose of the meeting was to consider the elevator operation policy for the 1930-31 crop year.

The report of the manager, R. D. Purdy, presented at the morning session, informed the delegates that the Alberta pool elevators have handled 85 per cent of all pool grain from the 1929 crop. The total handlings of wheat and coarse grains by pool elevators to date is 31,800,000 bushels of all grain, cost of an aggregate amount of 37,000,000 delivered to the pool from the 1929 crop.

The directors' report pointed out that the pool has now facilities for handling grain at points from which 90 per cent of pool grain is shipped.

The membership of the Alberta wheat pool has increased by 1,000 during the period from October 31, 1929, to May 31, 1930, the present membership being 43,410. The membership of the coarse grains pool has increased during the same period by 568, the total as at May 31 of this year being 5,587.

Thirty-five out of seventy delegates were present when the meeting opened. J. A. Johanson, of Woolford, was elected chairman and Rafer Oakes of Vauxhall vice chairman. Attendance at the sessions was restricted to delegates, directors, members of the office staff and pool managers were invited by delegates.

Committees were appointed as follows:—

Order of business—H. F. Nester of Cessford; Jonestion Ferguson, of Tofield; and R. H. Keith, of La Glace.

Resolutions—L. W. Fossey, of Vegreville; J. K. Sutherland, of Hanna; and N. L. Ellinson, of Wrentham.

George McIvor, of Winnipeg, general sales manager of the Canadian Wheat Pool, was in attendance at the meeting.

C.N.R. CROP REPORT

Crops In Urgent Need of Moisture

Rains are badly needed throughout Alberta, according to the C.N.R. weekly crop report, which states that in eight of the nine subdivisions more moisture is urgently needed to preserve the grain from damage. Five of the districts in central and eastern Alberta record damage to crops through several others from wind blowing and soil drifting. The grain is burning in some fields around Drumheller, it is stated.

Drumheller district, Calgary to Hanna: Weather since last report has been warm and dry with some severe wind storms which have caused damage to crops. The grain districts grain is now burning. Rains badly needed. Due to continued dry spell a smaller crop than first anticipated is now looked for.

Oyen district, Hanna to Kindersley, Swift: Crops suffering from lack of moisture. Only one light shower in this district on June 6. Grain is from four to six inches high. General prospects only fair.

Stettler district, Munson to Viewpoint: Although no rain during the past week crops remain in fairly good condition. More moisture, however, is now required. Some damage reported in various localities from cutworms, and some reports of light hail.

Three Hills district, Mirror to Castor: Crops are suffering to date for lack of moisture. Continued hot weather and winds retarding growth. Cutworms working in places and doing damage. More rain urgently required.

Vermilion district, Irricana to Cygnet: Weather during week has been ideal for growing crops, being a couple of good showers the early part of the week, followed by warm weather. Crops are looking well although slight damage reported from cutworms.

Edmonton district, Red Deer junction to Red Deer: Soil has drifted to some extent where not working on good land. More rain now needed. All week it has been warm and dry.

Sheerness district, Wardlow to Tappen: High winds and warm weather continued during the week. Crops in good condition but rain will be needed shortly.

Ending district, Hanna to Alix: Crops still suffering from lack of moisture and being damaged by cutworms. Needs a soaker.

Acadia Valley district, Eyre, Sask., to Souris, Man.: Weather has been windy and hot during week. Crops on light land blown out in some districts. Crops generally backward, due to lack of moisture.

Children's Sports at Michichi

At Michichi held a very successful sports day for the children on Wednesday afternoon, June 11th. A splendid crowd turned out to see the softball tournament in which five schools took part.

Mount Carmel defeated Knoll in the first game, and Mount Carmel took the second from Michichi. Starland lost to Nichol in the third game. Mount Carmel won the final from Nichol.

Children's races were pulled off between the ball games, each child receiving a prize.

Free lunch was served to all the children, and during the evening they were treated to ice cream, chocolate bars, peanuts and lemonade.

It spite of the dust storms and threatening rain, everyone reported a wonderful time.

Large Attendance at Major J. L. Newman's Meeting on Saturday

Major J. L. Newman, Independent candidate for the constituency of Hand Hills, supported by Capt. J. T. Shaw, of Calgary, and opposition leader in the last legislature, addressed a crowded meeting in the Olympia Theatre on Saturday night last. Mr Newman spoke for some considerable time, and reviewed his platform and also the issues of the present election. He made a very impressive speech, and received great applause. At the close he said there was a matter he wished to take that opportunity of referring to. This was in regard to reports being circulated that none but U.F.A. members were employed on road work in the municipal district of Hand Hills. It was stated that V. J. Simpson, of the council, had been phoned by a person regarding work, and the reply had been that nobody but U.F.A. members would be employed. In fairness to Mr. Simpson, the speaker said that he had investigated this matter, and had found that two men not belonging to the U.F.A., were working on the roads. Mr Newman also stated that reports were going around that he was being backed by a certain strong organization in running as a candidate in this election. He wished it to be clearly understood that he was being supported by the people of this district only, and if they ran short of funds he would have to pay any deficiencies himself. He thanked the people of Delia and district for the confidence placed in him, and for the large turn out that evening. He assured them that if they elected him to the legislature next Thursday by giving him first choice, their confidence would not be misplaced and he would do his utmost to reduce taxation.

Capt. J. T. Shaw, formerly Liberal leader, after resigned from politics some time ago, was the principal speaker. He said that he was non-partisan, and not in favor of any party in this election, but had been invited to come there that night to explain the work of the opposition under in the last legislature. Capt. Shaw is a brilliant orator, and throughout his lengthened address he was listened to by the large gathering with rapt attention. He reviewed the financial position of the Brownlee government since 1921, when it appealed for power on the platform of retrenchment and economy, and asked what had they done. In the course of his speech he referred to the increased taxation and increased charges levied by the government in order to create a reserve for replacement. He criticised those in charge for mismanagement, but owing to the extra revenue the Alberta legislature had received in 1929, and standing on their own feet. He also touched on two of the outstanding features of the government's administration—viz., the sale of the provincial railways, and the return of the natural resources. The railway problem he explained was a difficult one, and somewhat in contradiction to the opposition; but with the return of the natural resources, which would first have to pass the parliaments of Great Britain and Ireland, and which the Brownlee government took all the credit for, Alberta would soon be in possession of the greatest potential wealth of any province in Canada. He also referred to the financial policy of the present government, and its highway program. He said Mr Gardiner was for Solomon, and what is commonly known as "The Baker Bill," introduced at the last session of the legislature. This bill had been withdrawn, because the child had been "stillborn," he said. Mr. Baker had to go to Montreal for the Bill, where the people had thrown it out.

At the close the chairman, Mr. Bell, called on the speaker for questions from the audience. Bill Mudd, from the south, applied some questions regarding the School Act which Mr. Shaw answered. Peter Thompson asked a question regarding the West Pool dealing in futures, while W. L. Carter put two or three queries to Mr Shaw, one of which was the bonding of certain persons holding trust monies.

The meeting then adjourned by the singing of "God Save the King."

Those on the platform were:—Messrs W A Low, LL.B; Dr. G. H. Wade, Charles James (chairman), Col. R. B. Eaton, Capt. Shaw and Major Newman.

G. A. Forster Addresses Delia Audience, Friday

Before a good sized crowd on Friday evening last in the Olympia Theatre, G. A. Forster, M.L.A., spoke for almost an hour reviewing his platform and also the issues of today's election. Considering the inclemency of the weather, and the boisterous winds prevailing, the did not retard numerous of Mr. Forster's supporters in the surrounding district, also Morrin and Meeheche, from attending the meeting to hear what he and his colleagues, Messrs. M. C. McKeen, U.F.A. member for Lac Ste Anne, and O. L. McPherson, Minister of Public Works, had to say on behalf of the U.F.A. government in the present election campaign.

Mr. W. L. Carter occupied the chair, and briefly introduced the speakers.

Mr. M. C. McKeen was the first speaker. He spoke for some time on behalf of Mr. Forster, and outlined the various planks of the U.F.A. party program, after which.

Mr. G. A. Forster was called on by the chairman to address the meeting, who on rising challenged his opponents on some of the accusations they had been making against him, and asked them to come up on the platform face to face. No one did so, Mr. Forster went on to tell what had been accomplished by the present government during their nine years of office. He spoke on the various questions given prominence to in the present campaign, and finished by saying that certain statements had been circulated according him of using his influence as a member of the legislature to have certain parcels of his land withdrawn from the Nately school district, so he could get a higher price. He read a letter from W. Coutts, chairman Board of Trustees Nately S.D. The purport of the letter was that it had been alleged that certain parcels of Mr. Forster's land had been withdrawn from the Nately school district, and he had applied said district so had financially that it alone with another school district had to be closed. Mr Forster refuted this and said the schools in question were not closed, and one of his land had been with drawn from any school district. He was still paying taxes on fourteen quarter sections. Some other lands had been withdrawn from Nately S.D., but none belonging to Mr. Forster, and this statement had made a deliberate falsehood. Mr. Foster then thanked the audience for the attentive hearing he had been given, and said that he could go on speaking indefinitely. There were many questions he could not touch on, especially the question of finances, but he would leave that to the next speaker, Hon. O. L. McPherson, Minister of Public Works.

Mr. O. L. McPherson spoke for upwards of an hour and a half. He said that he was pleased to be there that night, and meet the electorate of this district. After speaking on behalf of Mr. Forster and the present government, he particularly stressed what had been accomplished by his department in the matter of roads, irrigation problems, etc. He referred to a chart, and outlined from figures just where various sums had been spent. He said more money had been spent on highways running north and south in the west, because here was the heaviest tourist traffic, and more beneficial to the province. He dwelt at some length on the subject, and went on to say that routing of main highways did not necessarily mean that the road would go through a certain place until work had been started. He referred to the much talked of main highway through Irricana and Beiseker, thus sidetracking Rockyford and Strathmore. He said in the matter of roads generally two or three factions wanted construction to their own advantage, and two were bound to be disappointed. The department pleased themselves in this respect, and placed the road where they thought best. He also referred to the Natural Resources, and touched on railway and telephone problems, and said when the present government entered office in 1921 it inherited from its predecessors a most difficult and perplexing problem in the three provincial railways—viz., the Lacombe and Northwestern, the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia, and the Alberta and Great Waterways in which the province up to the time of sale of the railways had become involved through advances, guarantees and payments of defaulted interest to a sum of approximately half of the net bonded debt of the province. Speaking of the provincial Telephone System, he said this also was undoubtedly one of the biggest businesses in the province. In 1921 the total revenue was $2,817,683 and total expenses $2,549,056—leaving an apparent profit of $268,627. This, however, did not allow any provision for depreciation or reserve and practically no such provision had been made prior to that year. At the same time large increases had been made in capital by the construction of non-revenue producing lines, so that in the following years expenditure was considerably more than revenue, without any provision for either depreciation or reserve. As a result of the losses shown in the annual statements from 1922 to 1925 the government met strong criticism throughout the Province for not increasing rates, but declined to increase rates until improved farm conditions would enable the increased rates to be met.

At the close of the meeting the chairman, Mr W. L. Carter, asked for questions, but as no one availed themselves of the opportunity, after which a very orderly and most successful meeting, notwithstanding adverse weather conditions, came to a close by singing "God Save the King."

Majestic-Farrell Lake W.I.

The regular meeting of the M.F. W.I. was held at the home of Mrs. G. Ridley, with twenty members and four visitors present. Plans for the annual public picnic to be held in the usual place at Long Lake, on July 1st, were discussed. It was decided to have a basket picnic, instead of the usual community lunch. Hot tea and coffee will be served at five cents a cup to anyone desiring same.

Mrs. T. B. Hands gave an excellent report on the Provincial Convention held at Calgary. This was followed by a splendid talk on "Immigration and Peace," by Mrs. W. J. Barns.

Roll call was answered with "Cool Recipes for Hot Days." A splendid lunch was served by the hostesses, Mrs. G. Ridley, Mrs. Hawthorne and Mrs. Christiansen.

No meeting will be held in July, because of the picnic. Everyone come to the picnic and help us to have a real celebration.

PARLEYING WITH THE ENEMY

The cards that we will might show
We sauntter forth to meet
The path into the road of woe
We tread with careless feet.
The air that comes instinct with death—
We bid it welcome, too,
And when our hands should cur the gate
We parley with the foe.—Bright.

Cultivators, Rod Weeders, Spring Tooth Harrows

Many farmers have this year decided to use Cultivators, Spring Tooth Harrows or Rod Weeders, instead of plow on the land where the crops have blown out.

We have on hand a few McCormick-Deering Cultivators of the latest type of construction, which are built stronger than the old type.

The stub axles are more offset than in the former models, and allow greater clearance when the teeth are raised out of the ground.

McCormick-Deering Cultivators have gained the reputation of being the simplest and sturdiest in construction, and will do an excellent job of cultivating in any kind of soil.

We also have on hand a stock of Spring Tooth Harrows and Rod Weeders that are equal in quality and service to any of the McCormick-Deering line of farm machinery.

WM. GIBSON

Implement and Ford Dealer

DELIA, - ALBERTA

Phone 28

Sentinel Hill Items

The showers of last week have improved crops and gardens to some extent, but on account of much wind the ground is again drying out rapidly.

Mrs. Craig's Grade IX pupils commenced their exams. on Wed. 18th inst., and as a consequence the lower grades excepting the eighth, will be dismissed for the summer vacation

Mission Band met on June 10th at the school. The officers were elected for the coming year as follows—President, Elsie Schafer; Secretary, Albert Schafer; Treasurer, Donald MacPherson; Roll Call Supervisor, Beth Hewson.

The retiring officers—President, Alice Morrison; Secretary, Bill Newman; and Roll Call Supervisor, Lena Long, were commended for their faithful work during the past year.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Hoy, and Tommy, are making a tour of the Peace River country, leaving on Saturday for Calgary, where they will visit their relatives before beginning their journey.

The neighbors and friends of Mr. and Mrs. E. Foster, of Mr. and Mrs. H. Hoy, and of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Hewson met at the Foster home on Saturday afternoon to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. E. Foster's and of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Hewson's wedding, and the silver anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. H. Hoy's wedding.

Sports—softball and horseshoe games were enjoyed, and at 6 p.m. a supper was served by the ladies present. The tables were spread to their utmost capacity, and beautified by variations and a three-story wedding cake, which were the gifts of Miss R. Marsden and Miss Ethel Hudgeon respectively. Congratulations and hearty good wishes were expressed by the guests toward the happy couples on the occasion of their anniversary celebrations.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Yorke, of Rowley, called on friends in this district during the week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Hubbard and Miss Alice, of the Knoll district, were visiting in the neighborhood on Sunday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. A. MacPherson.

Canada Exhibits At Big Dublin Fair

Canada had a distinctive display at the four day Royal Dublin Society Spring Show, which was held for four days at Dublin, Ireland. Canada's display, prepared by the Canadian government exhibition commission, included among other things processed fruits in glass jars, grains and grasses in sheaves, Canadian fruits and foods, rubber footwear, agricultural tools, building products, and electric stoves and washing machines.

HOME

Home is born of the filible.

—P. S. Henson.

For Constipation

You do not have to experiment with ENO'S "Fruit Salt." Millions have, in the past sixty years, proved its worth as a non-habit-forming regulator.

There is only one ENO. Resolutely refuse substitutes.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

An Encouragement To Progress

The subject of immigration has for many years been a live topic in Canada, and never more so than during the past year or two. There is, however, this difference, that whereas for many decades the discussion of the subject was largely as to ways and means whereby a large volume of immigration could be secured, in more recent years the thought of our people has rather been directed towards the successful colonization of the new comers.

That is to say, where at one time the main objective was to get immigrants in large numbers to settle upon our vacant lands, the main objective now is to see that those who do come make a real success of their venture, adapt themselves to the new environment in which they find themselves, and, by associating themselves with the ins and activities of the communities in which they locate, identify themselves with Canada and become Canadian citizens in thought and aspiration as well as in name.

To a greater extent than ever before native-born Canadians, and those of our citizenship who call the British Isles "home," have come to realize and appreciate the fact that immigrants coming to Canada from lands other than those under the British flag or speaking the English language, are really, even keenly, anxious to become Canadians in the full meaning of the term. Appreciation of this fact is helping to break down old barriers of prejudice, and the English-speaking Canadian is becoming more and more anxious to co-operate with and assist his fellow-Canadian or foreign extraction.

In a recent issue of this paper there appeared an article in the news columns outlining a plan originated by the Canadian National Railways, under the direction of Mr. W. J. Black, the directing head of the departments of Agriculture and Colonization of that system, having as its object the encouragement of community progress and development, and the establishment of the fullest possible measure of Canadian citizenship by those rural communities of the three prairie provinces which are of European origin.

The plan is simple, but far-reaching and of tremendous importance. It involves the carrying out of a series of competitions among such communities, to be held annually for a period of five years, with three substantial prizes, of $1,000, $500, and $250 respectively, to be awarded each year in each of the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta on the understanding that the money be utilized in community work of some progressive nature.

In other words, such of these rural municipalities or groups of school districts within municipalities in which the population is made up of people of continental European origin of the first or second generation, which display the greatest interest in co-operation among themselves to promote education, public health and a better rural environment, and show the best results, will be awarded these prizes, which, in turn, are to be used in still further promoting progressive community betterment.

The community which through the co-operative action of its people shows the greatest increase in the most regular attendance of pupils, the largest percentage of children going on for secondary or university training, which takes the keenest interest in matters of public health, social welfare, music, arts and handicrafts, which enthusiastically supports community organizations such as agricultural societies, co-operative marketing pools, women's institutes and home maker's clubs, libraries, etc., or which evince the greatest interest and reveal the greatest progress in the improvement of agricultural methods, will be the winners of these substantial prizes.

But the greatest gain to such communities will not be the winning of the prizes, but in the direct and indirect benefits which will accrue to each individual and the community as a whole from the practice of these worth-while things. The prizes are, after all, but an additional incentive to work for the welfare and advancement of the community which the people therein call "home." The prizes are but a tangible encouragement to get and other communities in real constructive Canadian citizenship, to demonstrate through a determination to make use of and emphasize the best Canada has to offer in the development of their particular section of the Dominion.

Prizes For Church Goers

Prizes are being given by a church near Glasgow, Scotland, to those who attend most regularly. On the last award day the procession of winners is among the strangest to leave a church door. In a recent Sunday one woman carried a pair of parasols, while others had tin kettles, mugs, baskets and various other articles.

Old Press Moved

The Nogales International's 53-year-old newspaper press has left Arizona. It has been moved across the International line to Nogales, Sonora, having been sold to Judge Francisco Baltiz of that city.

Visitor—"And is the chair really an antique?"

Hostess—"Yes, indeed! It was so worm-eaten when I bought it that it had to have a new back, a new seat and three new legs.

Ocean Bed Is Changing

Shipping Has Been Endangered By Upheavals In Pacific

Strange things are happening in the murky regions of the ocean bed. In the Pacific the bed has been rising so much that shipping has become endangered. Off the west coast of Nicaragua the charts show an ocean depth of 222 feet, but the figure is now actually 2 feet. Another sounding showed the actual depth to be 31 feet where the chart showed 1,608 feet. Sudden upheavals on the ocean floor recently worked havoc among the telegraph cables; many of the stoutest were snapped like string, including one of the latest, which normally takes five different sets of messages at the same time in each direction. When a break occurs the cable ship goes out; delicate apparatus aboard shows the break within two yards of the actual spot, and dragging commences. Up comes the cable. A new length is inserted to make the join, and so critical is the actual work of joining the strands inside that the film of grease on a man's hand can actually prevent the join from being effective.

BRIGHT EYES ROSY CHEEKS

The Birthright Of Every Girl

Dull eyes mean misery and weakness—a sure sign of a bloodless condition. Anaemic girls and women have dull, heavy eyes with dark circles underneath. The bright eyed girl or woman is always happy and well.

There is one way to make the eyes bright—bring the glow of health to pale cheeks—that is to invigorate the body with new blood—rich, red health-giving blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do this and they do it well. Mrs. Gwendolyn Hubert Tucker, of Brougham, Ont., says: "My daughter Gladys, 16 and unmarried, we had to take her out of school. She was pale and thin; her eyes were dull and heavy. She could not eat. I began giving her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and in less than six weeks you would not know her. She gained in weight and health—she is a fine picture of health."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Predicts Reduction In European Crop

One Third Less Than Last Year Say Wheat Experts

A European wheat harvest of about one-third less than the bumper crop of 1929 is predicted by London, England, wheat experts.

The Liverpool Corn Trade, which the experts estimated at about 25 per cent. less than average, was damaged somewhat by a cool, wet spring. Decrease in acreage was cited to account for the remainder of the drop from last year's total.

In the event of a shortage in the current crop in the United States, Argentina and Canada, it was contended that the world prices would be advanced materially.

Plans Elevated Playgrounds

New York Architect Has Idea For Congested Areas

Elevated playgrounds for children over the streets in the congested areas have been proposed by a New York architect. Such playgrounds, it was estimated, could be constructed for about $25,000 each, only a fraction of the cost of acquiring property for them, and at the same time providing the facilities where most needed, instead of in isolated sections difficult for the children to reach. The grounds would be built of reinforced concrete with a steel supporting structure and surrounded by a wire fence. Stairways would lead to them, netting to give the effect of a roof garden.

Nothing As Good For Asthma.

Asthma remedies come and go but every year the sales of the original Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy increase and increase. No further evidence could be asked of its remarkable merit. It relieves. It is among the same unvarying quality which the sufferer from asthma learns to know. He suffers no other attack, but get this splendid remedy today.

New Use For Diamonds

That priceless stone, the white diamond, has left its exclusively white-collar job and put on overalls. A leading optical company has discovered that the jewel, properly mounted, is the best possible cutting tool for finishing small metal parts, cutting literally thousands of pieces with no change in its cutting edge. Aristocracy, whether of gems or men, justifies the existence best by giving the most service.

Barber's Itch and Ringworm are relieved by the use of Douglas' Egyptian Liniment; quick, certain results. Relieves the most obstinate cases.

No Mortar Used

Bricks that dovetail and interlock and that are said to form a wall stronger than can be built with the usual kind, are laid without mortar. An angular edge in the centre of each brick fits into a corresponding groove in the one above it, so that no mortar is necessary to hold the units together, says Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Saxony now has 1,543 singing societies with 59,198 members.

Australia plans to extend federal control of immigration.

1 Minute Ends Itch of ECZEMA

"DOCTOR-SOLD" AWAYS SOOTHES
Baby and terrible eczema, "Soothe-all" — Mrs. J. Laurence. Stops itch, burn, pain in 1 minute. Remove dandruff in few days. Skin becomes clear, smooth. At Druggists.

Canada's War Pensions

Liberality Shown By Act Recently Passed By Parliament

The recent War Pensions Act passed by the House of Commons and the Senate keeps the Dominion of Canada in the forefront among nations of the world as to liberality in dealing with war veterans. So far, Canada has paid in pensions and soldiers rehabilitation $625,900,00 Soldier's insurance, given without medical examination, is at present half-supporting, but when the conclusion of the scheme the loss as estimated will be over $25,000,000.

The country's expenses for pensions and soldiers' civil re-establishment is estimated at $61,304,000. Next year this branch is expected to cost $2,-000,000. The new pensions are the equivalent of old age pensions at an earlier age to "burnt out soldiers" will cost $2,100,000 this year, an increase annually to 1937, when it will be $18,000,000. It will expire in 1975, and the aggregate cost will be $480,-000,000.

An immediate outlay of $7,457,000 will be involved in replacing those on the pension list who computed their pensions. There are 8,065 in this class. The law is made broader in widow's pensions and medical examination. Until this will also add to the annual cost.

Death Takes Well Known Railway Official

F. E. Trautman Was C.P.R. Publicity Representative For Many Years

Fred E. Trautman, 66, for almost a score of years publicity representative of the Canadian Pacific Railway in the United States, Saskatchewan and Alberta on the understanding that the money be utilized in community work of some progressive nature.

His territory, through which he operated since his appointment, extended from Winnipeg to the Pacific coast, including a portion of the western United States.

Interest Is World Wide

China To Be Kept Informed About Canada's Grain Show

Word comes from far off China indicating the world-wide interest in Canada's great Grain Show to be held in 1932. C. F. Rozee, manager of the Korean Railway and a traveller of note, having extensively toured over America and Europe as well as Asia, is much interested in the exhibit event. Mr. Fung has written to Mr. Mooney, the managing director, saying that he will be kept informed relating to the World's Grain Show.

Speeding Up Farming

Despite the fact that some time has elapsed since Mr. Ford issued a statement to the effect that a whole year's work on the farm could be accomplished in 20 days, it is still practically impossible, Border Cities Star reports, to make the hens lay a year's supply of eggs in less than three weeks. A similar discovery has been made by Hon. R. B. Bennett, who, in discussing the dairy industry, at London, Ontario, stated that "calves do not grow to be three years old in a week."

Bomb Found Near Veregin's Tomb

An attempt to blow up the tomb of Peter Veregin, the Doukhobor leader, who was killed in an explosion in a railway coach in 1924, was reported to police here, by the finding of a bomb planted beside the structure. A miscalculation in the timer failed to explode the dynamite.

NERVES WERE BAD
Could Not Sleep
Tired All Day Long

Miss Florence Coutier, Bark Lake, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled with my nerves, could not sleep at night, and felt tired all day long.

"A neighbor came in to see me, one morning, and advised me to take

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

"The first box did me good and after the sixth box I was able to go back to my work."

Price, 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

W. N. U. 1842

New Telegraph System

Office-To-Office Connection Would Keep Messages Secret

A new system of telegraphy for London has been suggested by which messages tapped out on a keyboard, like a typewriter keyboard, in a private office, will be transmitted and automatically reprinted in the office of another subscriber. If the new system is installed a subscriber wishing to telegraph by it presses a button to call the exchange and dials the number of the subscriber to whom he wishes to telegraph, in the same way as an automatic telephone is dialled. When the exchange signals that the connection has been made, both subscribers can typewrite to each other. Their messages will be telegraphed and re-typed automatically. When the communications are finished another button is pressed which ends the connection. The introduction of the system will offer the advantages of quick transmission, the ability to send messages at any time, and complete secrecy, as the direct office-to-office connection will prevent the message being seen by telegraph clerks or other post office employees.

In Memory Of Marshal Foch

Prince Of Wales Unveiled Statue Outside Victoria Station

Before attending the unveiling of the memorial to the famous General Wolfe at Greenwich, the Duke of Connaught, was present when the Prince of Wales unveiled a statue outside Victoria station erected by the British people to the memory of the late Marshal Ferdinand Foch, general of the allied forces in France during the latter part of the war.

It was through this station that many soldiers of the Empire returning to France on the completion of their "Blighty" leave. The statue is the work of M. Allisard, the replica of one in Chantilly, France, which was done from the life, the marshal being present at its unveiling.

Madame Foch was present at the unveiling.

Homes Built Of Steel

Even Furniture Is Metal In Newest Paris Buildings

Germany, England and France are hotly contesting the leadership in the movement for the ultramodern in architecture. So far, Germany rather outdo the others, but steel houses now being erected outside of Paris are evidence that French architects are making strong bid for first honors. Based, as is almost all modern architecture, on geometric patterns, these Parisian houses are severely limits in an effort to avoid all past architectural ideals. Not only are the structures themselves entirely of steel, with interiors of steel, but the stairways of the coldest mathematical design, but even the furniture is metal. Loosely piled in rooms of these square houses may soon replace the stone dwellings.—Popular Science Monthly.

"Gateway Of The North"

The unique position of North Bay as the "Gateway of the North" is emphasized in a leaflet issued by the Board of Trade of that city, which points out, among other things, that the city's great industrial possibilities due to close proximity to all the raw materials of Northern Ontario — timber, iron, gold, silver and nickel." The annual payroll of the city is already over $3,000,000.

Two Rapid Speakers

The honor of being the most rapid speaker in Parliament lies between Hon. (Dr.) J. A. Manion, Conservative front benches, and J. A. Bradette, Liberal member for North Timiskaming. Dr. Manion, it is said, can speed up to 200 words a minute, but Mr. Bradette can outdo that when he wants to.

Its Quality Sells It.—The fact that so many thousands of intelligent people continue to buy Dr. Chase's Normal Electric Oil speaks volumes for its healing efficiency. Ever since it was first introduced it has grown steadily in public favor, owing entirely to its manifold usefulness in relieving and healing sickness. As a specific for cuts, burns, scalds, and various inflammatory pains its record is beyond reproach.

Treaty Money Paid

Five dollars apiece in treaty money was handed out to 481 Indians on June 3, at The Pas, Manitoba, as the Union Jack performed over the treaty-ceremony. Two Indians went for a taxi-drive and scores frequented the five-and-ten-cent store. The natives made merry at the reserve, singing Indian songs and dancing the Red River jig.

One of the commonest complaints of infants is worms, and the most effective application for them is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

The Teacher—And now are there any questions you would like to ask? Little Bobby—Yes'm. Do you think Jonah's wife fell for that fish story when he got home?

"Tommy, can you tell me one of the uses of cowhide?"

"Er, yessir. It keeps the cow together."

People are growing more optimistic; you seldom see anyone in a man wearing both belt and suspenders.

Use Minard's for Rheumatism.

Preparing Valuable Report

Dr. Weir Making Survey Of Conditions Regarding Nursing Profession

Dr. G. M. Weir, D.Phaed, head of the school of education and director of the summer session, University of British Columbia, who is making an all-Canada survey of conditions regarding the nursing profession, has been loaned by the B.C. officials to the Canadian Medical Society and the Canadian Nurses' Association with a view to preparing a report on the educational, economic and sociological problems of the nursing profession. His head office is in Toronto.

Clock Made Of Scraps

Strange Timepiece Works Successfully In Church At Gloucestershire

Scrap metal, including portions of a spade, a ploughshare, a pistol barrel, an old file, and a wheel from a winnowing machine, has been used to manufacture clock now working successfully in a Gloucestershire church. This strange timepiece was made by a local wheelwright and clockmaker as a memorial to a local Army officer.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

JELLIED VEGETABLE RELISH

1 package lemon flavored gelatin.
1 cup boiling water.
¼ cup strained tomato juice.
3 tablespoons vinegar.
1 teaspoon salt.
½ teaspoon pepper.
2 cups mixed cooked vegetables, finely cut.

Dissolve gelatin in boiling water. Add tomato juice, vinegar and seasoning. Chill. When slightly thickened, fold in vegetables. (A mixture of several of the following may be used: Celery, green peas, green or yellow pod beans, asparagus tips, onions or carrots.) Turn into small individual molds. Chill until firm. Unmold and serve with meat course. Serves 8.

SPECIAL DEVIL'S FOOD CAKE

½ cup shortening.
2 cups sugar.
4 eggs.
1 cup milk.
2½ cups flour.
3 teaspoons baking powder.
3 squares chocolate.
1 teaspoon vanilla.

Cream shortening and sugar together. Add egg yolks well-beaten. Sift together dry ingredients and add alternately with the milk. Add melted chocolate and vanilla. Lastly, fold in well-beaten egg whites. Bake in 2 well-greased square cake tins and bake in moderate not too hot oven (375 degrees Fahrenheit) for 30 minutes. Use your favorite icing.

Minard's for Insect Bites.

Roads Made Of Steel

Roads of steel in England are scheduled for the future if one such road built on the King's Road, Chelsea, proves practical. It is a continuous network of tough steel, whose interstices are filled with concrete. On the surface, however, the metal grid is directly exposed to the wheels of vehicles. It is expected to last twice as long as any other road.

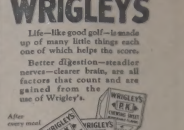
Revenue From Livestock

Indians from the three prairie provinces sold approximately $250,000 worth of cattle last year and still have around 25,000 head on the different reservations. The quality of the cattle is improving rapidly and fine stock men are in good financial condition.

WRIGLEY'S

Life—like good golf—is made up of many little things each one of which helps the score.

Better digestion—steadier nerves—clearer brain, are all factors that count and are gained from the use of Wrigley's.



Aid For Faithful Servant

Man Who Travelled With David Livingstone Gets Pension

As the result of an appeal for funds to aid Matthew Wellington, the faithful servant of David Livingstone, the explorer-missionary, he is assured of an income of $5 a week for life. Wellington is 85 and lives at Mombasa, Africa, so that the pension will care for his simple needs. Matthew was with his master at his death, helped to embalm the body, and accompanied the coffin from the wilds to the African coast. The response to the appeal from Scotland was gratifying, and the money is now being sent to the old man through the Resident Commissioner of Mombasa.

Three Delegates From Canada

To Attend Important Celebration In Iceland During July

Premier Mackenzie King stated in the House of Commons that it was thought advisable to have three delegates attend the celebration of the one-thousandth anniversary of the founding of parliament of Iceland. The event was very important in the history of parliamentary institutions and the government had in mind the presentation to Iceland of something of a permanent nature which would be a memorial of the occasion.

Luxurious Air Yacht

The monoplane air yacht recently finished for the Hon. A. E. Guinness, is the latest word in air luxury. It has accommodations for six passengers, and these include: Wardrobe, dressing tables, bookcases, and a bathroom. The ship has a cruising radius of 650 miles and a normal speed of 100 miles an hour. With full tank and crew it can cover 2,000 miles.

A young giraffe may grow to be 18 feet tall.

More substances will dissolve in water than in any other liquid.

Many good roads are being constructed in Panama.

Sun Burned?

Then rub afflicted parts with **Minard's** and relief has been had. **Minard's** for campers.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

A one-pound box of candy is the proper size for a girl who has no brothers. If she has brothers, add two pounds for each brother.

What most people call indigestion is usually excess acid in the stomach. The food has soured. The instant remedy is an alkali which neutralizes acids. But don't use crude helps. Use what your doctor would advise.

The best help is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. For the 50 years since its invention it has remained standard with physicians. You will find nothing else so quick in its effect, so harmless, so efficient.

One tasteless spoonful in water neutralizes many times its volume in acid. The results are immediate, with no bad after-effects. Once you learn this fact, you will never deal with excess acid in the crude ways. Go warm—now—why this method is supreme.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting sick-ness. Each bottle contains full directions—any druggists.

YOU'LL FIND A hundred vital, saving uses for Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper in your home. Comes in handy, sanitary, knife-edged package. For less exacting uses: "Center Pull" Waxed Tissue (flat sheets). At grocers, druggists, stationers.

Eppleford Paper Products LIMITED
HAMILTON ONTARIO

Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Sir Henry Segrave Loses His Life When Motor Boat Overturns

Windermere, England.—Major Sir Henry Segrave, whose plaything was speed, lost his life while testing his newest toy, a motorboat capable of racing 100 miles an hour.

The distinguished Englishman, internationally famed for holding the world's motorcar speed record and known to thousands for his sterling sportsmanship, met disaster when his "Miss England II." a $125,000 craft, overturned upon the bosom of the beautiful lake in Windermere, England's largest inland water body, and sank.

Sir Henry's mechanician, E. Hallihwell, disappeared as the spill occurred. His body was not recovered. It was supposed to lie in the depths of the great lake, in the torn hull of the speed boat.

J. Willocks, another mechanic, was rescued at the time Sir Henry's unconscious form was dragged from the lake. Willocks was reported severely injured.

Major Segrave burts, a broken arm, a broken rib and a fractured th'gh, were not considered critical at first, but he failed to rally and with Lady Segrave at his side, died two hours after the mishap.

Almost his last conscious words were, "Have I beaten the record?"

Capt. Philip King, who had dived into the lake and brought the unconscious Segrave to the surface a few minutes before, told him he had.

His craft, which in the last few days had three accidents, remained afloat, still the town crippled by impact with the water, for half an hour before going down. "Miss England II." moved like a propeller while going at top speed.

Lady Segrave some time ago induced her husband to abandon automobile racing after he had won the world's motorcar speed crown at Daytona Beach. She feared the risk was too great. He could not, however, resist the lure of speed and turned to fast boating.

His built the craft with the intention of winning the first international trophy at Detroit this summer. Tests showed him her pace could be timed to 100 miles an hour. He felt certain of victory.

Just before the tragedy, "Miss England II" "came over a measured course was recorded at an average in two tries of 98.76. It was announced that the figures would be forwarded to the International Motorine Yachting Union for recognition as a new world's mark for boats of the class.

It was on the famous stretch of sand at Daytona Beach, Fla., March 11, 1929, that Major Segrave in his famous motorcar, set the then world's speed record of 213.16 miles an hour. His greatest speed over the measured mile was 231.03 M.P.H.

Airman Rescues Comrade

Chased Observation Balloon Which Had Escaped From Moorings

Trawsfynydd, Wales.—Sergeant C. W. Robinson, of the Royal Air Force, rescued from an escaping balloon basked a companion hanging head downward and threatened with death.

Robinson chased the balloon two miles over hedges and through thickets and bogs. The observation balloon escaped from its mooring and ascended several thousand feet. It flew over the Arenig Mountains and finally came near enough to the ground for the occupants to jump.

Bisley Team Sails

Canadian Riflemen Will Defend Honors Won Last Year

Montreal.—Canada's 1930 Bisley team sailed from Montreal, June 19, to defend the many honors they won last year. The team is composed of 12 veterans and its tyroe, Lieut.-Col. R. M. Blair, of Vancouver, is commandant.

The squad includes: Sgt. J. V. Axstmon, Victoria, Sask.; Capt. S. H. Regan, Victoria; Capt. W. G. C. Holland, Victoria; Lieut. J. Bowen, Edmonton, and Sgt.-Major W. H. Rutfell, Victoria.

The team sailed on the S.S. Duchess of York.

Calling For Tenders

Ottawa, Ont. — The Minister of Public Works has called for tenders for the construction of a reinforced concrete addition to the Canadian Government grain elevator at Saskatoon, and a similar annex to the Government elevator at Moose Jaw. These additions are to be of 2,000,000 bushels capacity and tenders will be received until June 30.

Dedicate Peace Monument

Toronto, Ont.—Dedication of the monument presented by the United States Nobles of the Mystic Shrine to their Canadian brethren in commemoration of the 100 years of peace that has existed between the two countries, was one of the high spots of activities in connection with the Shriners' international convention here.

Epochal Event For Icelanders

Arrival Of First Liner Carrying Organized Excursion From Canada

Reykjavik, Iceland.—Thousands of Icelanders lined the shores of the capital to welcome the Cunard liner "Antonia" which arrived from Montreal with a large party of nearly 500 Icelanders on board from all parts of Canada and the United States to take part in celebrations of the thousandth anniversary of Icelandic parliament.

This is the epochal event for Iceland as the "Antonia" is the first ocean liner carrying an organized excursion to Iceland to sail from Canada. The passengers were landed in the motor boats carried by the "Antonia." Many delegates from Canada and the United States themselves including Dr. B. J. Brandson, well-known Winnipeg surgeon, representing Canada, and Prof. Stenaspurn Johnson, of Illinois University, representing President Hoover.

The landing party also included Sir William Craigie, prominent historian, as well as professors and lecturers from 20 universities in Canada and the United States.

Legion Objects To Fiction War Books

Condemns Them Not Founded On Actual Facts

Cardiff, Wales.—War should in no circumstance be made the subject of novels, the Legion was the view expressed at the annual conference of the British Legion here.

War books are all for a good deal of criticism and a resolution was adopted condemning books in which the author draws on actual facts and personal experience. The elimination of war as a subject for fiction was urged as a measure of respect for the dead and maimed.

Another resolution urged the council of the Legion to take steps to counter the "insidious propaganda" contained in books which slandered the character of Great Britain and belittled the principles for which she entered the war.

Will Visit Native Land

Two Hundred and Fifty Icelanders Will Attend Celebration In Homeland

Winnipeg.—Two hundred and fifty Icelandic residents of Western Canada, the first of their kind from Minnesota, left here by special train for Montreal, where they will embark for their homeland to attend the millennial celebration of the Icelandic parliament. Hundreds of their compatriots crowded into the station to give the party a royal send off.

They sail from Montreal on the Canadian Pacific liner "Montcalm."

Prominent citizens of the party are Hon. M. G. Bjornson, of St. Paul, who will represent the state of Minnesota at the celebration, and Captain Sigbergur Jonasson, who is the honorary consul resident of Canada for 58 years who, despite his 78 years, was among the most enthusiastic of the group.

Winnipeg Lawyer Going To Norway

Will Represent Government Of Canada At Coming Celebration

Winnipeg, Man.—James C. Berg, Winnipeg barrister and a prominent worker in Nordic societies for many years, received word of his appointment by Premier Mackenzie King as representative of the Dominion Government at the celebration of the nine hundredth anniversary of the introduction of Christianity into Norway, to be held at Trondhjem, Norway, in July and August.

Mr. Berg is the son of one of the earliest Norwegian settlers in western Canada. Delegates representing Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia governments are expected to sail with Berg, early in July.

Urges Second Term For Hoover

Fort Myers, Fla.—Thomas A. Edison told interviewers here that he would urge President Hoover to run for election for a second term. The aged inventor said "the United States government is the most inefficient big business organization in operation today," and he added he did not blame the president. The vast size of the business, he said, was responsible.

Sails For Vancouver

Yokohama.—Prince Iyesato Tokugawa, president of the House of Peers of the Japanese Parliament since 1903, has sailed for Vancouver, B.C., on the liner "Empress of Russia." Other passengers on the liner included Walter Hagen and Joe Kirkwood, famous golfers, who have been touring the Orient.

A chain of airports from coast to coast is advocated by the Canadian Chamber of Commerce.

Underworld Haunts Raided By Police

Six Hundred Suspects Are Arrested By Chicago Squad

Chicago, Ill.—Nearly 600 alleged hoodlums were rounded up as a special "strong arm" police squad slashed into underworld haunts, bent on ridding Chicago "for all time" of criminals.

Stirred to drastic action for solution of the murder of Alfred ("Jake") Lingle, Tribune reporter, and other gangland slaughters, the squads, armed with shotguns, revolvers and tear bombs, crashed the thug hangouts with a vengeance. Patrol wagons, loaded, began arriving at police headquarters in a stream shortly after 10 p.m. and at midnight there was no sign of a let up.

The pictures poured in so fast that the attaches of the bureau of identification were swamped and the task had to be called on to assist in the work of booking.

As soon as word of the raids was circulated, a veritable swarm of attorneys headed here and others interested in seeking liberation of the suspects also descended on headquarters. Bail bond officers came to naught, bail being refused in each instance.

Settles Old Dispute

Nova Scotia Not Liable For Militia Expenses During Strike

Ottawa, Ont. — The Province of Nova Scotia is not liable to pay to His Majesty in the right of the Dominion all expenses and costs incurred by reason of the calling out of part of the active militia in aid of the civil power in Cape Breton" during June, 1925. This was the majority judgment in the Supreme Court of Canada, delivered by the chief justice here. Mr. Justice Newcombe dissented and Mr. Justice Cannon finding that liability was "conditional."

This settles a five-year-old dispute between the province and the province in which the Dominion claimed reimbursement in the sum of $133,-116.73—the cost of despatching and maintaining part of the permanent force in Cape Breton during the coalminer strike of 1925.

PRINCE MAKES HIS FIRST WORLD-WIDE BROADCAST

Glasgow, Scotland.—Making his first world-wide radio broadcast, the Prince of Wales, standing on the famous Clydesbank wharves on the occasion of the launching of the Canadian Pacific Railway liner "Empress of Britain," said the building of the new liner was the most important undertaking in the recent history of the British mercantile marine.

The vessel, the Prince said, represented the last word in shipbuilding and as to appointments would be found to have no rival. The christening of what the Prince described as "this wonder ship" was another sign of the sound imperial policy of the Canadian Pacific management.

His Royal Highness went on to say the C.P.R. had built 16 vessels in Great Britain since the war at a cost of £20,000,000 and this when shipbuilding in Great Britain was at a low ebb.

Winnipeg, Man. — Radio brought the voice of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales from Great Britain to Western Canada as clearly although he had been speaking directly through the microphone at one of the Canadian National Railways docks and over the Prairie Provinces heard the heir to the British throne launch the new Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Britain," his companion speakers being Lord Aberconway, British shipping magnate; and E. W. Beatty, K.C., president of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Reception through CJRX at Fleming, Sask., and CKY at Winnipeg, were two in the chain of 91 stations in Canada and in the United States that received the broadcast over short wireless from England to Yamachi, Quebec, was excellent, and enabled newspapers to take verbatim the report of the speeches of His Royal Highness and Mr. Beatty.

First Bride on New Ship

When the new Canadian Pacific coastal steamship "Princess Elizabeth" was being welcomed to Vancouver recently with a civic luncheon, at which city and port officials praised the company for its initiative and foresight in building up such a fine coastal fleet, Mayor W. H. Hallin, Vancouver port superintendent, promised to present the first bride who travelled on the new ship with a bouquet. So when Mrs. L. Goodge boarded the ship with the groom, she was duly handed a bouquet by George Fitch, secretary to His Honor, as the first honeymooner to take the Vancouver-Victoria trip on the "Elizabeth." Picture shows, left to right, Captain R. W. McMurray, marine superintendent, B.C. Coast Steamship Service; L. Goodge and Mrs. Goodge, and Mr. Fitch.

VISITING CANADA

Mrs. Ralph Booth, wife of Captain Ralph Booth, who will pilot giant dirigible Columbia from Detroit to Montreal, is now staying in Toronto, Ontario.

Ships Collide In Fog

Many Lives Lost When Passenger Steamer Rams Oil Tanker

Boston, Mass.—Flaming oil, spurting from the depths of a stricken oil tanker, believed to have been the "Pinthia," of Fall River, was thought to have claimed the lives of more than 60 persons aboard that ship and the passenger liner "Fairfax," outbound from Boston, when they collided off Massachusetts Bay.

So suddenly did the tragedy occur that not a single survivor of the tanker was believed to have escaped the fog-shrouded inferno which followed the impact.

At least a score of the "Fairfax's" passengers and crew were unaccounted for while the "Pinthia" carried a crew of 19.

Aboard the fog passenger liner scenes of wildest confusion succeeded the shock of the crash. Men and women, leaving the ship in panic, hurled themselves into the sea only to perish amidst the raging oil which burned from the tanker in all directions. Others were burned in their berths by the white heat of the fire which seared the port side of the ship.

The flames which swept both craft melted their radio antennas and temporarily ended possibility of summoning aid. The tanker, afire from stem to stern, settled slowly into the water disappearing from sight 20 minutes after the crash.

Ship Receives Page Of "Evening World"

Was Sent By Radio and Picked Up Intact

New York.—For the first time a newspaper has been spread out on the waves of ether and picked up intact by a steamer at sea.

The experiment was successfully concluded when the first page of the Evening World was sent to the United States liner "America," at the moment 2,310 miles from New York. The paper was sent by the Radio Corporation of America's new photo-radio apparatus.

A mysterious cylinder, with purple ink, spun out intact the newspaper when the "America" docked at the sidewalks of New York. Pictures and type were reproduced as clearly as by a daily. The steamer was nearing her port of call, Plymouth, England.

Settlement For Swedes

Stockholm, Sweden. — Some Swedish people, who fled from the Ukraine because of unsatisfactory conditions under Soviet rule and who came here with the idea of joining relatives in Canada, have already emigrated to the Dominion. Arrangements for establishing the remainder in Sweden are proceeding satisfactorily. A public subscription, started for the purpose, resulted in about $250,000 being raised and in addition a grant was made by Parliament.

Could Not Be Prevented

Boston.—No practical measures have been suggested which could have prevented or minimized the force of the 1929 stock market panic, according to Richard Whitney, president of the New York Stock Exchange.

New Order For Stockyards

May Be Permitted To Do Business In Restricted Areas

Ottawa, Ont.—Public stockyards were excluded from the restrictions placed on a designated area while testing for bovine tuberculosis is conducted, by an order-in-council passed by the Federal Government. It will mean that the Minister of Agriculture may issue an order that a public stockyard in a restricted area may be permitted to carry on its business but as if the area had not been established.

Saskatoon is the only place in Canada affected at the present time, officials of the Department of Agriculture said. While no order had been passed affecting the stock yards in that city, one is expected, they said.

When tests of bovine tuberculosis are being conducted in a specified area, there can be no movement inward except that of tested cattle. Stockyards protested that this worked an injustice on them and that it seriously affected their business. This led to the order-in-council which excludes them from the restrictive terms.

Mail 'Plane Badly Damaged In Crash

Two Passengers From Calgary Cut By Flying Glass

Moose Jaw.—An air "bump" under the left wing of a mail 'plane caused it to drop 10 feet to the ground, collide with the flood light at the east end of Moose Jaw airport and then flop onto its back. Two passengers, R. V. Price and F. A. Ogilvie, both of Calgary, and delegates to the Liberal convention at Regina, were cut by flying glass.

The 'plane, Boeing CP-A16, was badly damaged. The tail fell off the plane and the engine mount being bent and twisted. Work of repairing the machine was commenced the next morning.

Major Thompson, superintendent in charge of the Western Canada plant at Moose Jaw flying field, stated the accident was unavoidable and that the pilot was in no way to blame for the crash occurred. "It was just one of the bad 'breaks' which happen," he said.

Successor Not Appointed

Australia Has Not Yet Chosen New Governor-General

Canberra, Australia.—In well-informed political circles it is stated Lord Somers, governor of the State of Victoria, will act as governor-general of Australia for about six months after the departure of the retiring Governor-General, Lord Stonehaven, in October.

The reason given is that Premier Scullin has asked to have the appointment of Lord Stonehaven's successor announced, to enable him to consult the Dominions office when he is in London attending the Imperial conference in October.

Some time ago the appointment of a native-born Australian to the office was mooted and the name of Rt. Hon. Sir Isaac Isaacs, chief justice of Australia, was mentioned. Premier Scullin has said, however, he said there was nothing to prevent the appointment of an Australian.

FIRE DESTROYS GRAIN ELEVATOR AT PORT ARTHUR

Port Arthur, Ont.—Three hundred thousand dollars damage is estimated as result of the destruction by fire of the Union Terminal Elevator at this house. The building broke into flames from unexplained cause and the conflagration raged for more than ten hours before it was brought under control.

Thousands of lake-head residents, roused from their beds by the reflecting of flames and the commotion caused by the action of all available fire-fighting equipment, gathered at the scene of the disaster to watch the flames, which swirled to 100 feet in the air, cast a red glow over the entire lake front in the Port Arthur.

Estimate of the damage was unofficial, as the head office of the company are in Winnipeg, and reprecentatives at the lake-head would hazard no figure as probable loss.

Fifty thousand bushels of grain stored in the workhouse were destroyed as the flames roared through the structure, spurning efforts of firemen to place it under control. Eleven empty box cars belonging to Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways took fire on the siding adjoining the burning building and were completely destroyed.

Winnipeg, Man.—Officials of Union Terminal Limited, refused to estimate as the result of fire destruction of the company's work-house at Port Arthur. It was stated at the head office here that "absolutely no figures are available."

Only the cement tanks of the Union Terminal plant remain intact. The grain they contained may be ruined by heat. The watchman had a narrow escape getting out in the darkness after the light went out. Host from the burning pile was intense.

Emigration To Canada From British Isles Shows A Substantial Increase

Jury Acquits Oliver On Assault Charge

Son Of Ex-Premier Of B.C. Found Not Guilty

Vernon, B.C.—It took less than 20 minutes for the same court to bring in a verdict of not guilty against Charles Oliver, son of former Premier John Oliver, charged with assaulting Dr. V. E. Latimer, in Penticton, last November 25. It was almost a foregone conclusion following the address of Chief Justice Morrison to the jury that Oliver would be acquitted and a murmur of satisfaction ran around the crowded court room when the verdict was given.

Only four witnesses for the crown were examined and little time was lost by Hon. R. L. Maitland, K.C., chief defence counsel in cross-examination. Mr. Maitland put in no defence but immediately opened his address to the jury.

The jury retired at 3.40 p.m. and rendered their verdict at 4.00 p.m.

Simple Service For Late F.E. Trautman

Many Attend Funeral Of C.P.R. Official At Fort William

Fort William, Ont.—Impressively simple obsequies were held here for the late F. E. Trautman, for the last 18 years Canadian Pacific Press representative in Northern Canada.

He was buried in the city where a large part of his career as a pioneer western newspaperman was passed as editor of the Fort William Times-Journal.

The cities of Port Arthur and Fort William were officially represented as was the railway company, and a large number of private citizens also paid their last respects.

Interment was made in the family plot in Mountain View cemetery.

Greeted By Home City

Hon. R. B. Bennett Receives Rousing Welcome In Calgary

Calgary, Alta.—Hon. R. B. Bennett is back at his western home after taking the opening gun of his election campaign at Winnipeg, followed by a second speech at Regina. The Conservative leader arrived in Calgary late hour, but a large crowd was on hand to greet him at the station and wish the opposition chieftain success in his campaign.

The assemblage cheered the Conservative leader time and again, and they lined up to shake him by the hand. The Calgarian Highlanders, of which Mr. Bennett is honorary colonel, were on hand and rendered music of welcome.

Trans-Atlantic Trip Is Postponed

R-100 Not Coming To Canada Until End Of July

Ottawa, Ont.—The R-100 will not begin her trans-Atlantic trip to Canada until after the general election on July 28. This was conveyed to the Minister of National Defence, Hon. J. L. Ralston, in a cable received here from the British Government.

The postponement of the dirigible's flight is in accordance with an agreement between Canada and Great Britain.

The start of the flight will be made during the last three days of July, the cable said.

'Plane Carried Huge Sum

Miami, Fla.—An aeroplane bearing two million dollars in cash arrived here from Indianapolis to assist financial situation caused by the closing of the Bank of Bay Biscayne and four others, President Rubif of First National announced. The money will be used through other Miami banks to pay off all concerned in the closed houses.

Canadian Crop Reports Are Anxiously Watched In The Old Country

London, England.—The truth about the Canadian wheat crop is anxiously awaited here because of despatches from Canada giving rise to the impression that there will be a shortage and that the price will be higher in the Old Country this coming winter.

The Winnipeg correspondent of The Daily Telegraph cables that Canada is faced with the prospect of another short wheat crop, adding "this important information was not obtainable from the Wheat Pool, because of their attitude that 'we told the truth last year and the world would not believe it; now the world can find out for itself.'"

He reports, too, that the Canadian farmers' friends being called a Shylock because he wants a price for his wheat.

This despatch to The Daily Telegraph contrasts with the optimistic statement of the Dominion bureau of statistics, and has left the public here in doubt as to what prospects really are.

If the Canadian wheat crop is short and the price of bread rises, there will be an outcry by the protectionists and the Empire free traders for an understanding with Canada—and they will use the fact to advocate protection against Argentina wheat in favor of Canadian.

London, England.—Despite a decrease in the volume of British emigration to other parts of the Empire in 1929 as compared with 1928, emigration to Canada showed a substantial increase, according to the report of the overseas settlement committee, made public today. The report is confined to a statement of events in 1929 and it is presumed the general policy of the Empire governments with regard to overseas settlement will be discussed at the Imperial Conference in October.

During 1929 the total number of emigrants from Great Britain and Northern Ireland to non-foreign countries was 143,686, compared with 136,834 in the preceding year. Notwithstanding this increase in the total migration overseas the total who went to other parts of the Empire was 106,800 in 1929.

The figures for 1928 were 108,982. The number assisted to go overseas under the Empire Settlement Act increased from 47,855 in 1928 to 72,213 in 1929.

The substantial increase in the movement to Canada was due to the ten pound rate, the report states. The total movement to Canada was 65,558, compared with 46,709 in 1928. There was a decrease in the movement to Australia.

The report describes the scheme for settling 3,000 families of farmers in Canada, which started in 1924, and is now completed, as the most successful large scale enterprise yet undertaken under the Empire Settlement Act.

Veteran Dies At Calgary

Magnus 'Brown Served In First Engagement Against Louis Riel.

Calgary.—Another oldtimer, who had taken in the Calgary district for 61 years, has passed away from his residence, 1326 Eighth Avenue Magnus Brown was 81 years of age, a former Canadian alderman and a veteran of the Riel rebellion.

Mr. Brown was born in Selkirk, Manitoba, in 1848. He was in the first engagement against Louis Riel, being captured shortly after. He escaped about the time that Scott was executed. For many years he belonged to the Southern Alberta Pioneers and Old Timers' Association. He was member of the city council during 1911 and 1912. His wife died two years ago.

Contracts End In December

Married Women Will Not Be Employed In Winnipeg Schools

Winnipeg, Man. — Married women will not be employed as substitute teachers in Winnipeg schools, it was decided at a meeting of the school board.

Married women now employed will be given notice that their contract will terminate December 31, 1930, unless exceptional circumstances prevail to warrant continued employment after that date.

It was also decided, in view of the existing unemployment situation, that the board will "record its disapproval of the acceptance by employees of remunerative vacational employment."

Apply For Oil Leases

Prince Albert, Sask.—Saskatchewan's latest oil boom is apparently gaining momentum. The Dominion land office here has received two applications for oil leases on two sections of land in the vicinity of Kakaw, 37 miles south of Hudson Bay Junction, where oil and natural gas was struck by water well drillers recently. The applications have been forwarded to Ottawa for approval.

Survey Planned For Fall

Churchill.—Surveying of the townsite of Churchill will be done by the province of Manitoba, next fall, and preparations are being made, Hon. D. G. McKenzie, Minister of Mines and Natural Resources, stated here.

The Delia Times

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Jos. MacIlhbee, Editor and Proprietor

Subscription rates $1.50 per annum payable in advance.

Classified Advertising, such as Lost, Stolen or Strayed, Articles Wanted or For Sale, &c., 20c. first insertion, 20c. each subsequent insertion, prepaid; if charged 25c extra will be added.

Municipal, Legal and Tender Advertisements 10c per line first insertion, 10c per line each subsequent insertion.

Display Advertising and Local ad. rates on application.

Changes of advertisement must reach this office not later than Noon each Tuesday to insure insertion in the following issue.

THURSDAY, JUNE 19, 1930.

TODAY'S PROVINCIAL ELECTION

Today, June 19, the electors of this province go to the polls to declare themselves as being for or against a straight "farmer" government for the third time. One hundred and forty candidates are contesting for the sixty-three seats in the Alberta legislature. The close of nominations saw many withdrawals, and only four acclamations, these all being Premier R. G. Reid's ministers, in the Ponoka riding; the Hon. O. L. McPherson, Minister of Public Works, in the Little Bow riding; M. C. McKeen, the U.F.A. member for Lac Ste. Anne; and Hugh Allen, U.F.A. member for Grande Prairie.

The party affiliations of candidates discloses 47 U.F.A., 36 Liberals, 19 Conservatives, 11 Labor, 24 Independents and 3 Communists. The standing in the House on May 15 was: U.F.A., 43; Liberals, 7; Labor, 6; Conservatives, 4—a total of 60. Redistribution of seats has added three new seats on this occasion.

Major J. L. Newman, Independent candidate, is contesting G. A. Forster, the U.F.A. candidate, and present sitting member in this riding.

Three constituencies, Drumheller, Lethbridge and Rocky Mountain, have contests between Independents and Labor with the old-line parties taking a back seat. Edmonton heads the list with seventeen candidates, and Calgary has thirteen candidates seeking election. Independents are contesting the U.F.A. in straight fights in ten constituencies.

In to-day's election, more so than in previous years, the "silent vote" will be the determining factor, as it is generally conceded that the Brownlee government will go back into power.

HENRY GEORGE AND UNEMPLOYMENT

"From all parts of the civilized world comes tidings of industrial depression; of labor condemned to involuntary idleness; of capital massed and wasting; of machinery driven by business men; of want and suffering and anxiety among the working classes. All the dull, deadening pain, all the keen maddening anguish, that in the great masses of men are involved in the words 'hard times,' have afflicted the world. Whatever of things common to communities differing so widely in civilization, in political institutions, in financial and industrial systems, in density of population, and in social organism, can hardly be accounted for by local causes.

"There is distress where standing armies are disbanded, but there is also distress where standing armies are nominal. There is distress where protective tariffs have checked the world's interchange of trade, but there is distress where trade is nearly free; in countries where paper is the money and where gold and silver are the only currency. Evidently beneath all such things as these, we must infer a common cause."

So wrote Henry George in 1870, and the words above quoted are just as true to-day. But the cause is no longer obscure. In the light of the last quarter of a Legislatures talk and act as if unemployment and bad times are caused by some mysterious dispensation of Providence. The real cause, with its cure, was revealed by Henry George in "Progress and Poverty," of which the above is an extract.

The great book has been translated into all the modern European languages and also into Japanese and Chinese. The conclusions arrived at have never been successfully contradicted, and they have permanently influenced legislators all over the world. Yet in spite of these facts legislators everywhere are flatly attempting remedies for local unemployment, all the while ignoring the fact that unemployment is caused wholly by the fool laws they themselves have enacted. The employment of labour and the resultant labor product bear the major part of the cost of civil government.

No one is allowed to buy or sell or to do any useful work without coming in contact with laws which hinder his work or confiscate part of his wages in the guise of a tax.

The blind grouping of our law makers and public men for some means to correct unemployment and stimulate business would be laughable if it were not tragic.

The remedy is "to substitute one Single Tax land value rate for all existing taxes. With all the burdens removed which now oppress industry and hamper exchange, the production of wealth would go on with rapidity now undreamed of.

"To abolish the taxation which setting and re-setting now hampers every wheel of exchange and presses upon every form of industry, would be like removing an immense weight from a powerful spring. Production would start into new life, trade would receive a stimulus which would be felt to the remotest sections.

"Consider the effect of such a change upon the labor market. Instead of laborers competing with each other for employment and cutting down wages to the point of bare subsistence, employers would everywhere be competing for laborers, and wages would rise to the fair earnings of labor. With natural opportunities free to labour, with capital and improvements free from taxation and exchange released from restrictions, the spectacle of willing men unable to turn their labor into the things they are suffering for would become impossible. The recurring periods of bad times would cease; every wheel of production would be set in motion to demand and keep pace with supply; trade would increase in every direction, and wealth augment on every hand.

"Give labor a free field and its full earnings; take for the benefit of the whole community that fund which the growth of the community creates, and want and fear of would be gone. Men would no more worry about finding employment than they worry about waiting to breathe. The progress of science, the march of the inventor would bring benefits to all."

Now our legislators and labour leaders learn the scientific economics of Henry George and base our laws of taxation on them—unemployment will be over and with it the great bulk of our other social problems.—*The Square Deal.*

The King Impressed By Canadian Loyalty

It is estimated that the population of the British Commonwealth totals 450,000,000 souls, an enormous number, only a scant few of whom can ever hope to come to the notice of His Majesty King George V. despite the great good will and the tremendous energy of that busy monarch. Think, then, of the great joy of a family in Brunkild, Manitoba, that has struggled with recognition by the King and being the subject of a special message from His Majesty.

The story begins on the opening day of the Naval Conference at London, when arrangements arrangements had been made for a worldwide broadcast of the addresses by His Majesty, the Prime Minister and Chief Delegates, and in Canada the Canadian National Railways undertook to relay the voices of the speakers, broadcasting the speeches from the Atlantic to the Pacific In Brunkild which is approximately thirty miles from Winnipeg on the Carman Branch, the family of K. Gelis had arranged to listen in to the broadcast from CNRW. The twelve-year-old daughter was so stirred at hearing the voice of the King that she wanted to write him a letter, but mother said "No," because she knew it would be futile. But her could reach His Majesty. But Mrs. Geiss did write to CNRW as follows:—

"We listened to the transcontinental broadcast on Tuesday and heard the speech of Our Majesty, King George, very much. I think it would please Our Majesty more than so far away. We have a little girl who spoke of it very closely.

"We are English but have been in Canada for twenty four years. We all owe him in love for all of our British Family speak over the radio, especially our Gracious King George. It is indeed a wonderful thing. I think he has been restored to his health again. May he live many more years to be a blessing unto him." We hope it won't be long before we hear from you.

"My daughter, twelve years old-to-day. But she came in later to the Majesty, King George, and then she said, he would write to her and answer it, so we are all sending it to you and giving you our congratulations for the wonderful broadcast."

In time the letter was passed from Winnipeg to Montreal and later to London, where C. J. Smith European Vice President, felt that such expressions of good spirit ought to be brought to the attention of the King. Accordingly Mr. Smith wrote to Lt.-Col. the Rt Hon. Lord Stamfordham, Private Secretary to H.M. the King, enclosing a copy of the letter written by Mrs. Geiss.

Two days later Lord Stamfordham answered, saying:—

"Thank you very much for sending a copy of Mrs. K. E. Geiss's charming letter with regard to the King's recent broadcasting at the Opening of the Naval Conference. His Majesty has been impressed with the wonderful loyalty displayed in Canada, and indeed throughout the Empire, on that memorable occasion."

The contents of the letter have been communicated to Mrs. Geiss and her happy daughter, who is justified in her faith that if you really wish hard enough things do come true.

The longest of all canals is the Grand Canal of China—1,000 miles.

Where's the Country Girl

[By Kathleen Redman Strange]

This winter in our community here at Penn we have had to discontinue our country schoolhouse dances because there are not enough girls to go around! We did give one dance at Christmas time but the stage were so numerous and took up so much room and did so much grumbling at the lack of partners that the affair was more or less of a fiasco.

Yet a census of the families living in this particular district would certainly reveal that there are a large number of young girls between the ages of fifteen and twenty-five divided up amongst them.

Ten years or so ago country girls born into an environment of farm life in the main took it as a matter of course that their future life lay right on the farm. Necessity at home or perhaps helping out some neighbor was their inevitable lot, and they did not actively concern themselves with wider fields. They grew up on the farm, received what education the country school could afford them, and in course of time married some local boy and set up a home of their own probably within a few miles of their own birthplace.

Within the last few years, however, the country girl seems to have come out of her shell. She has undergone a transition. She is no longer content to stay at home on the farm. When public school days are finished she insists on high school in some nearby town, and follows that up with some form of secretive training for a definite career. You see her appear, after a short course at some business school or college, as a stenographer, or a teacher, or a store clerk, or a dressmaker, or a manicurist or some other equally attractive occupation. Anything that will free her from the drab monotony and often drudgery of work at home on the farm. What a good enough life that is so long as good enough for her. She looks at her mother's work-scarred hands, her homespun clothes, her domestic bondage and makes her decision. Not for her!

She demands the opportunity to earn good money and the opportunity to spend it. She wants to dress well and to enjoy life to the full. And she is doing it.

For instance, there is a family living near me that consists of twelve children, seven of them girls. The eldest girl went to the city some years ago and took a dressmaking course. She is now running her own dressmaking establishment, and has a growing clientele of satisfied customers. The second girl went down to the United States and entered a hospital from which she will graduate next June. Two others now are attending a provincial institute of technology, where they are taking courses in engineering and mathematics with the intention of joining their elder sister when they are qualified. Younger members of the family express their intention of becoming teachers or stenographers when they are through with school. Only the boys remain at home to be the farm to their parents' old age, even they are dissatisfied and will probably eventually leave. And yet this is the same family whose ancestors tilled of the soil and came up to this country over twenty years ago in a covered wagon.

Another family with three grown girls offers a similar example. Two of the girls are teachers in town schools and the third is at present at home. Their mother, who has three small children, has to hire a stranger to help her with the work!

In another family the eldest girl has recently obtained a splendid position in a southern city, and is making good money home regularly to her parents.

The cities are crowded with country girls who are endeavoring to compete with them in the battle for the bread of life. And they do not come back to the farm, for they know too much to marry a farmer, you see. And I believe I can be the wife of a wage-slave, with the prospect of losing his job just around the corner, rather than herd with the dullness and drudgery of life such as mother endured!

I repeat the country is gradually becoming invaded by city girls. In this community in which I am living it is only the older married women who are left here, with more than one or two younger ones come from the cities, like myself, and they make good farm wives and good farm mothers.

Perhaps it is a good thing, this shuffling around. New blood for the cities and new blood for the country! Anyway city girl brings to the country her keener, sharper wit, her wider experience of life. The country girl takes to the city her native pith and staidness. In the end the scales are pretty evenly balanced.

Munitions for China Require Certificate

The Chinese Consul-General in Ottawa has advised the Department of Trade and Commerce that shipments of arms, munitions and any kind of war materials, exported to China must be accompanied by a special certificate issued by the Chinese Government's diplomatic representative in Canada.

This measure has been taken to prevent arms and munitions falling into the hands of insurgents in China.

The length of the railings round St. Paul's Cathedral is half a mile, and the railings and gates weigh 300 tons.

Health Service of the Canadian Medical Association

SUMMER CARE OF THE BABY

The infant is dependent upon others for care. Whether or not the hot weather makes baby uncomfortable depends upon the attention he receives. The baby may show his discomfort by crying, but he cannot say for a drink or a bath, or ask to be left alone and not handled. He cannot say that he has too many clothes on, and that he would be more comfortable if he could get them off.

In order to keep the baby comfortable, we must consider his hot weather needs.

Not so many years ago summer diarrhoea, or summer complaint, as it was known, used to take a toll of infant lives that rose as high as one in every three. This was largely because mothers did not been taught how to care for their babies, and because milk supplies were not protected by inspection and pasteurization.

Those who talk of the "good old days," who laugh at the idea that people need to be taught how to care for their babies, and who do not see why milk should be pasteurized, might well compare conditions in the past with those now prevailing in places where, through the teaching of mothers by public health nurses and the safeguarding of milk supplies, summer diarrhoeas among infants have been almost eliminated.

Keep the baby as cool as possible. It is not too much to give him a bath morning and evening, and a sponge with tepid water at noon. Water is an essential part of the baby's diet. Between feedings, unsweetened water should be offered to him. The baby will take a considerable amount of water when he is thirsty.

The child should be kept out of the sun in the coolest shade available, during the heat of the day. Protect him from flies, insects and other pests because they carry disease germs.

If, in spite of all care, diarrhoea does develop, stop all feedings, give only boiled unsweetened water as the baby will take and consult your doctor at once Prompt proper treatment should be secured at the earliest possible moment.

Questions concerning Health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by letter.

World Absorbed 6,295,000 Cars In Single Year

From the assembly chains of the great automobile factories and the workshops of the smaller plants throughout the world there poured, in the course of more than six and a quarter million of new passenger cars, trucks and buses in 1929, according to statistics issued by Ward's, in the United States, Canada and Europe, where a year's output is measured in thousands of vehicles and in which smaller plants where production is counted in hundreds or scores of units, the total was 6,295,139. Of this number, automobiles were manufactured during the year. That figure represented an increase of 1,062,213 vehicles over the previous record production total of 5,232,926 vehicles in 1929.

Out of more than 370 motor factories in 16 different countries rolled this unending stream of new and more efficient units of transport to facilitate a man's activity, to aid in the development of his industry and to exploit the undeveloped regions of the world. Into that stream went cars for the rich, trucks and cars for the very rich, three-wheeled cars from Denmark, tiny motor cars from Austria, trucks and buses from Nippon, and hundreds of cars for all classes of buyers throughout the world from great factories in the United States and Canada.

An automobile manufactured in the United States or Canada may be marketed for use in Madagascar or Mozambique and the product of a Company in France may ultimately begin its operating career in Algeria or Tahiti, so the problem of supplying spare vehicles to countries which do not possess a manufacturing industry has become an increasingly important part of the world's automobile industry.

In 1929, exports of complete units from automobile manufacturing plants throughout the world increased to 765,779, or 12.1 per cent of production as compared with 705,366 or 13.6 per cent of production, in 1928. Foreign shipments from the three principal automobile exporting centres, the United States, Canada and Great Britain, dom and France, increased from 603,438 vehicles in 1928 to 730,000 in 1929.

Here and There

(539)

Taking turns while the engine was under a full head of steam, Engineer R. J. Storey and Fireman A. Fulkerson, dumped the fire and entered the fire box of the engine to make running repairs of pressure displaced from the grate carrier on Canadian Pacific engine 670 at Hope, B.C., recently. They could stand the intense heat only a few minutes at a time, but they encouraged their work and without serious delay, bringing their train to destination within a few minutes of scheduled time. They were each awarded 10 merit marks, the railway's recognition of conspicuous merit.

Forty-three years ago May 24 last, the first transcontinental passenger train reached Vancouver over the Canadian Pacific Railway, leaving again next day. That was eleven months after the arrival of the first through passenger train at Port Moody, original terminus of the transcontinental line.

"Judging from present indications, there is every reason to believe that the tourist traffic from the United States will break all Canadian previsions to the Maritimes will break all previsions this season," says George S. Beer, tourist agent for the Canadian passenger agent for the Canadian Pacific Railway at Saint John, N.B.

Three important appointments in the freight traffic department of the Canadian Pacific Railway have been announced by George Stephen, newly appointed vice-president in charge of traffic. They are:—C. E. Jefferson, assistant freight traffic manager, Montreal; to be freight traffic manager, Montreal; H. W. Gillis, assistant freight traffic manager, eastern lines, to go to western lines in the same capacity; and Frank Read, assistant general freight agent, Montreal, to assistant freight traffic manager, eastern lines. The appointments were effective from June 3.

A ten day "all expense" tour of eastern Canada, covering 2300 miles by motor coach, has been the Toronto Exhibition, world's greatest annual fair, will be conducted by Professor Malcolm Wallace and L. Stewart, of Dalhousie University, next August. The tour which will take in most of the points of interest in the Maritime territory will be over the lines of the Canadian Pacific, Dominion Atlantic and Quebec Central Railways and by Canada Steamships Line.

Six of the Canadian provinces, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Manitoba, Alberta and British Columbia, have been brought under the Farm Loan Act of Canada, a Dominion Government measure under which long term mortgage credit is extended to Canadian farmers. At the end of last March loans to the total amount of $4,-000,000 had been approved.

Canada leads in the following:—For farming production; wheat and flour; oats; barley; hay; dairy; championships; railway mileage per capita; high grade wheat standards; world's per capita trade; newsprint production of 4,000,000 tons; hydro power development per capita; life insurance per capita; the empire's world's largest inland port—Montreal; world's largest smelter of its kind at Trail, B.C.; and the largest transmit grain elevator in the world.

New Agent to Detect Cancer

A new agent developed for use in determining the presence of cancer has been announced by Donald C. A. Black, bacteriologist in the laboratory of the Medical College and Hospital at Philadelphia.

In making the announcement Dr. Butts was careful to stress the fact that the new material designated as "E—47" is not in any sense a "cure" for cancer, but is for use in determining whether cancer is present, and if so, in what locality of the body.

The identity of the compound is being withheld to allow a rigid scientific investigation.

Ei Dorado was the legendary city of gold of the Spanish Conquistadores.

The discoverer of X-rays was William Konrad Roentgen, Professor at Wurzburg University, 1895.

GOODYEARS ONLY

Here's the Reason

WE know tires. For years we've watched every make of tire in actual service. We've seen what it gives for its cost.

Our policy of selling only Goodyears is based on such experience. We've proved time after time that Goodyears give longest, most satisfactory mileage. We've proved the stamina of Goodyear Supertwist Cords and the great traction of the All-Weather Tread.

We make a smaller single profit on Goodyear Tires. But we gain through their quality selling more tires. And the complete Goodyear line gives us a tire and size for the particular need of every customer.

Wm. Gibson,

DELIA - Alta.

Phone 28

ALL NATIONS BUYING B.C. CANNED SALMON

1929 Export Sales Above Annual Average For Three Preceding Years

Reckoning in terms of the 48 pound case, the shipments of British Columbia canned salmon from Vancouver to points outside of Canada in 1929 amounted in all to 1,383,697 cases and once again indicated the great importance of the Pacific canned salmon industry as a factor in the external trade of the Dominion.

Moreover, although the 1929 shipments were somewhat smaller than those which were made in the preceding year, they were slightly above the annual average for the three-year period, 1926-28. Australasian countries continue to be first among the purchasers, so far as total purchases were concerned. Nearly 308,000 cases—307,992 to be exact—were sold on the Australasian market, or almost 30,000 cases more than in 1928 and some 35,000 cases more than the average annual total in the five-year period, 1925-1929.

The second largest exportation in 1929 was to France, which took 293,076 cases. The United Kingdom was third among the buyers, with purchases totalling 194,175 cases, and Italy came next with 136,995 cases. The exports to Italy showed a large increase, as compared with 1928, but sales to France and the United Kingdom fell off somewhat.

All told, some 30 different countries were customers of British Columbia canned salmon exporters last year. The following list of the export markets to which shipments were made is interesting, reading as showing the widespread marketing of this Canadian food: Australasia, Belgium, British West Indies, Central America, South America, Czechoslovakia, Greece, China, Denmark, Dutch East Indies, Egypt, Fiji, France, Germany, Holland, Italy, Japan, Malta, Mexico, Newfoundland, Norway, Straits Settlements, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States, West Africa, West Indies.

Pensions Costly

The Dominion Government has contributed a total of $3,771,549.60 to the provinces to aid of old age pensions, up to the end of last fiscal year. The disbursements to the 42,533 pensioners throughout Canada amounted to $7,542,579.12

Broadcast Unveiling of New Wolfe Monument

Thousands of Canadians were better able to visualize the unveiling of the statue in Greenwich Park of General Wolfe, hero of Quebec, on June 6th, when a radio broadcast of the proceedings took place.

Marquis de Montcalm unveiled the monument.

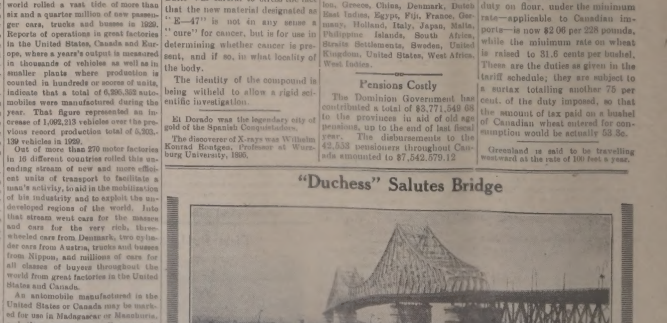
In the villages of Quebec and the lonely farmhouses on the Western prairies thousands of Canadians were able to hear the picturesque and impressive ceremony which took place on the banks of the Thames where Wolfe was trained as a soldier. It was the occasion of one of the greatest gatherings ever organized by Canadians in England. Representatives of the families of General Wolfe and of Montcalm were present in addition to the French Ambassador, members of the British Government and delegates to the Imperial Press Conference. The Canada Club dinner at night, at which the Duke of Connaught was present, and which Sir Campbell Stuart presided, was the largest ever held by the club.

Greece Raises Wheat Tariff

Advice received by the Department of Trade and Commerce from the Canadian Trade Commissioner at Athens gives the information that Greece has again raised the tariff against wheat and flour, effective as from May 9th of this year. The duty on flour, under the minimum rate—applicable to Canadian imports—is now 82.06 per 228 pounds, while the miuimum rate on wheat is raised to 31.6 cents per bushel. These are the duties as given in the tariff schedule; they are subject to a surtax totalling another 75 per cent. of the duty imposed, so that the amount of tax paid on a bushel of Canadian wheat entered for consumption would be nearly 59.8c.

Greenland is said to be travelling westward at the rate of 500 feet a year.

"Duchess" Salutes Bridge



There was a happy incident at the opening of the $20,000,000 Montreal Harbor Bridge on Victoria Day when the Canadian Pacific liner "Duchess of Richmond," 20,000-ton giant under the command of Captain A. Freer, R.N.R., added the salute of its deep steam to the cheers of the crowds assembled. Just as Premier Mackenzie King was formally opening the bridge, the liner passed dramatically beneath it with multi-colored flags fluttering from bow to stern and her ensign dipping in the salute. Then she hailed the bridge with the stentorious "long, two short and long" blasts that herald arrival of Canadian Pacific ships. It is interesting to note that what is seen of the bridge contains the same weight of steel—20,000 tons—as there is in the ship.

Extensive Program Has Been Arranged For This Season's Work In North

The growing importance of Canada's Far North is indicated by the extensive program now being arranged by the Department of the Interior through the North West Territories and Yukon Branch for its work in the Territories during the coming season. The activities and projects contemplated include arrangements for the reception and establishment of the Government reindeer herd, the enlargement of the medical service, the organization of the warden patrol in Thelon Game Sanctuary, the extension of the 1930 voyage of the Department's supervisory ship, and the opening to prospectors of the Coppermine mineral reserve.

During the coming year most of the areas in the Northwest Territories where there are trading posts and settlements will be under active medical surveillance. Dr. Livingstone, senior medical officer, has already left for Churchill from which point he will travel by dog team to Chesterfield, where the Department of the Interior has built a house for his accommodation. He will visit all the Eskimo settlements en route. With Chesterfield as a centre, Dr. Livingstone will be in touch with Baker Lake and the important posts north in the districts on the west side of Hudson Bay. He will remain in charge of this post until the arrival of the Department's patrol ship "Beothic" early next autumn, when he will be replaced by the ship's doctor. Dr. Livingstone will return to North Sydney on the "Beothic" and will later proceed to Fort Smith, N.W.T., which is the Department's headquarters for the District of Mackenzie. At this point there is a large mission hospital and he will take over the duties of the retiring medical health officer and have general supervision of the medical work of the district. The greatest nature of the medical work in the Mackenzie delta and Arctic coast to the east and west of Dr. J. A. Urquhart, stationed at Aklavik, has necessitated improved means of transportation, and to meet this requirement a boat has been built at Edmonton and with the opening of northern navigation will be taken to Fort Smith. From that point it will proceed under its own power to Aklavik and at the same time carry Mr. J. F. Moran, chief inspector, on his annual tour of the Mackenzie district. Other departmental medical officers in the Territories are Dr. R. G. Martin, at the mouth of the Coppermine, and Dr. F. A. Stuart, on Baffin Island.

Preparations for the reception of the reindeer herd of 2,000 head, now on its way overland from Alaska, which will arrive early in 1931, will be completed this year, when R. F. Porsild has arrived at Aklavik by aeroplane and will supervise the erection of corrals and buildings on the Kugaryuk or the Mackenzie delta.

The Coppermine mineral reserve will be opened for staking on July 1, and Mr. Fred Cornish, who made an inspection of this field in 1929, will go in by aeroplane early in the season so as to be on the ground as soon as possible. Later, if conditions permit, he will fly to King William Island to carry on further investigations with regard to the fate of Sir John Franklin.

The organization of the regular patrol of the Thelon Game Sanctuary for the protection of wild life, particularly the musk-ox, will be completed this year. Mr. H. H. Jones, who returned last autumn after a twenty months' investigation of the area, will go north to superintend the erection of buildings at the east and west ends of the sanctuary and the establishment in the reserve of wardens and their helpers.

This year's cruise of the Department of the Interior's expeditionary ship "Beothic" will be slightly different from that of former years, in order that she may enter Lancaster sound after the ice has moved out. If conditions there permit she will proceed to Winter Harbour, Melville Island and renew the supplies in the cache established by Captain Hunter of C.G.S. Arctic, in 1906-9, which proved of such service to the northern party of the Canadian Arctic Expedition of 1913-18, and to Inspector Joy of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police during his notable winter journey of 1,800 miles, in 1928.

In addition to her usual work in carrying relief personnel and supplies to the various posts in the Canadian Arctic archipelago, the "Beothic" will take to Lake Harbour, on the southern shore of Baffin Island, sufficient lumber and supplies to erect a house for a resident officer there. The house will be occupied for the next two years by Mr. and Mrs. J. Dewey Soper. Mr. Soper will continue his investigations respecting the blue goose and its nesting ground, will survey certain parts of the shore line, and make observations in regard to terrestrial magnetism. Mrs. Soper, who is a trained nurse, will be of great assistance in cases of illness among the natives.

The services above mentioned are, it will be noted, nearly all additions to the administrative work of the North West Territories and Yukon Branch, which has been steadily growing for many years, and they show both the increased interest which citizens are taking in Northern Canada and the forethought which the Department of the Interior is exercising to ensure that the needs of the Territories will be adequately met.

Judgments Act Reciprocal

Ontario Makes Law Court Fast With Province Of Saskatchewan

The reciprocal enforcement of the Judgments act is now in operation between Ontario and Saskatchewan, according to an announcement made by Attorney-General W. H. Price.

The act was recommended in 1926 by the Dominion committee on uniformity of law and was passed by all the provinces last year, but was made subject to proclamation by order-in-council.

Ontario put through the order to make it effective on May 9, and Saskatchewan proclaimed its act on May 26. It will now be possible for a business concern to get a judgment in Ontario and collect from a person living in Saskatchewan without the necessity of suing on judgment, as was heretofore the practice.

Colonel Price stated that legislation, in his opinion, was of far-reaching benefit, and he expressed hope that the other provinces would also see their way clear to follow in the course set by Saskatchewan. The committee on uniformity of law expressed the opinion, at the time they recommended such legislation, that general adoption and operation of it was most desirable.

Keeping Eggs Fresh

Carbon-Dioxide Is Being Used In Experimental Tests

Considerable interest attaches to experimental tests now being made by the Poultry Division of the Dominion Department of Agriculture in the possibilities of keeping eggs fresh through the use of carbon-dioxide. The theory of the experiment is that as eggs from the moment they are laid give off carbon-dioxide in resultant deterioration of albumen and yoke, that if this loss can be counteracted eggs can be transported without any essential loss of quality. Some success has already attached to the shipment of eggs in containers holding carbon-dioxide, and the range of shipment may be materially extended if the use of dry ice, now being experimented with, proves all that is claimed for it. Dry-ice instead of melting, evaporates, and in evaporating gives off carbon-dioxide; this, theoretically, prevents the escape of carbon-dioxide to counteract egg loss in this element.

Rare Specimen For Museum

Gun Three Hundred Years Old Is Match-Lock Type

A rare specimen of a gun known to be at least 300 years old has been added to the collection at the Hastings Museum. The gun is one of the earliest types of match-lock and the barrel is more than five feet long with a bore of more than an inch. For many years this gun was a part of the famous collection of fire arms owned by the Duke of Austria. The Austrian museum has many projectile arms in the museum collection, also about 200 swords, bayonets and other varieties of side arms.

Built First Automobile

Andrew Lawrence Riker, 81, designer and builder of the first gasoline-propelled automobile, died recently at Fairfield, Conn. In 1884, he designed and built his first automobile, an electric tricycle. It introduced the sliding gear transmission, steel frame and the four-cylinder vertical motor with high tension ignition.

Labrador, often thought of as a land of the far north, is in reality no farther north than Scotland.

The five-day week is being established in English railway shops.

Fewer Exports To Germany

Report Shows Marked Decline In Foodstuffs From Canada

The German trade returns for 1929 give the total value of the imports from Canada as $71,813,000 as compared with $89,352,000 in 1928, writes L. D. Wilgress, Canadian Trade Commissioner in Hamburg, in the Commercial Intelligence Journal.

Compared with the previous year, the German statistics of imports from Canada in 1929 are chiefly notable for the marked decline in the importations of foodstuffs, particularly wheat, rye, wheat flour, oats, corn, cheese, lard, honey, and dried apples. The importation from Canada last year of 746,190 metric tons of wheat compares with a total of 1,567,107 metric tons in 1928. Canadian wheat flour decreased from 13,-748 metric tons in 1928 to 7,034 tons last year. There were also small declines shown in the imports from Canada of asbestos, agricultural machinery, raw lead, raw furs, fish products, copper ores, paper and tools.

On the other hand, the importations from Canada of minerals and metals, such as copper, zinc, tin, raw nickel, aluminium, zinc ores, and miscellaneous ores increased, and the same applies to imports of barley, lumber, bran, and animal hair.

Farming Burnt-Out Lands

Methods Of Working It To Advantage Are Being Studied

Six years of experimental work provide some interesting results as to the possibilities of farming the so-called burnt-out lands of certain Prairie areas. There is estimated to be some 60,000 acres of this type of land, and experts of the Dominion Department of Agriculture are making an intensive study of methods of working it to advantage. Preliminary studies indicate that breaking and levelling form an important part in the reclamation of this type of soil, and also that such crops as sweet clover and grasses tend to improve the land. Particular attention is being paid to experiments with respect to the time and depth of breaking, the value of back-setting, floating, through the use of scrapers, and on similar special treatments designed to improve the tilth of the soil.

Farm Chemistry Work

Service Is Great Aid To Farmers In Canada

A year's work in the Division of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, included the examination of 4,363 samples of soils, manures and fertilisers; forage plants; fodders and feeding stuffs; waters; cereals used for canned foods; and miscellaneous subjects, including dairy products and insecticides. These samples were forwarded to the Dominion Chemist from all parts of Canada. In addition to the regular work of the Division a chemical service to farmers is maintained which during the period of the latest report handled 617 individual samples. This is a service which has been maintained since the early days of the Experimental Farms.

Investigating Grazing Grounds

R. T. Porsild, of the Yukon and North-West Territories branch, department of Interior, has gone to Edmonton to join the west coast of Hudson Bay, to investigate the possibility of the district for reindeer grazing. For many years the district has been mooted as a favorable place for the raising of such animals.

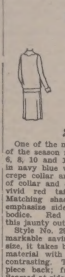
Real Hospitality

The hospitality of Toronto knows no bounds. "Welcome, Shriners," proclaimed a banner hanging, during the recent Shriner's convention, over the portals of 999 Queen Street West which is the hospital for the insane. An evening newspaper in noting this remarked that the padded cells, at any rate, would be comfortable.

The automotive industry in the United States used 47,000,000 yards of upholstery cloth in 1928.

No trucks will be shown at the annual Paris automobile show this year.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union
Fashions
(By Annebelle Worthington).



2947

One of the most practical fashions of the season for the school miss of 6, 8, 10 and 12 years is illustrated in navy blue wool crepe with beige crepe collar and cuffs. The scallops of collar and cuffs are accented by vivid red taffeta bias binding. Matching shade red bone buttons emphasize the scalloped closing of bodice. Red suede belt completes this jaunty outfit.

Style No. 2947 is made at a remarkable saving, for in the 8-year size, it takes but 2 yards of 40-inch material with ⅝ yards of 32-inch contrasting. The bodice has a one-piece back; front in two sections. Sleeves are set in kimono shape. The two-piece skirt is seamed at sides and pressed into inverted plaits at either side of front and attached to bodice. It is now practically ready to set sleeves into armholes and stitch collar at neckline.

Wool jersey in French blue with collar and cuffs of blue and white checked woolen is very smart.

Beige and brown checked woolen with plain brown is sportive.

Featherweight tweed in mauve-red tones with plain red woolen can be worn all through the Fall without a top coat.

Orchid chambray with white pique, cotton broadcloth in geometric print in red and white with plain white pique, red and white gingham check with plain white linen, and tan sports weight linen with brown are attractive tubbable fabrics.

Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address Pattern Department.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No..... Size.....

Name .....

Town .....

Cattle In Prize Class

The highest individual price and the highest average price for the cattle from any one contributor at the Lacombe, Alberta, sale at Toronto, were secured by the six animals sent by the Canadian Pacific Supply Farm at Strathmore, Alberta. A four-year-old heifer from the herd brought $1,525, the highest price of the sale; while a young bull brought $675, the highest price in the bull class. The six animals averaged $655 as compared with $527 for the average of the 64 animals vended at the sale.

Places Huge Stamp Order

The Chinese government has just placed an order for the printing of 2,500,000,000 stamps. The contract was secured by a London firm and is said to be the largest order of its kind ever given to a firm in England. Printing of the stamps will start at once.

Prospects For Good Trade

Fresh Milk Would Find Ready Market In Orient

Canadians of all classes are accustomed to a fine quality of fresh milk. Most of them will be astounded to learn that liners are countries where such milk is not available even to people who are ill. It is another revelation of our luxurious privileges that are just taken for granted in a rich country.

Having learned that some of our surplus products of the dairy might meet a crying need in the Orient, Canadians will prudently seek to discover if some business can be done in supplying the need. It requires fourteen days for a liner to carry the milk across the Pacific to Shanghai in refrigerators. Indications are that it can be done successfully. It has been transported to London in good condition. Both Chins and Japan are short of milk. There is an opening for Canadian export that would be very welcome among peoples who are rapidly adopting our diet. It demands skilful executive work to place Canadian products on the distant Oriental market, but even expensive experiments offer prospects of increased trade, and that is what will build up this country.

Rust Expert To Visit England

Dr. Craigie, Of Winnipeg, Will Spend Year In Study

Dr. J. H. Craigie, head of the Rust Research Laboratory, Winnipeg, is leaving at the end of July for England where he will deliver a paper in connection with his rust investigations at the International Botanical Congress, which is being held at Cambridge in the month of August. Newton, of the Winnipeg Rust Research Laboratory is also attending the congress and will visit the various investigation laboratories in Britain and the continent.

Dr. Craigie plans to spend the next year at Cambridge and the other institutions studying their work and methods in connection with rust diseases; while Dr. Dillon-Craig, of Cambridge, will visit the Winnipeg institution in a similar capacity for the coming year.

Dr. Craigie was recently awarded his doctor's degree at the University of Manitoba, his thesis dealing with work in connection with the discovery of sex in rust fungi. His work in this connection is considered the most outstanding achievement in connection with rust investigation that has yet been accomplished.

Planning New Air Mail Line

Group Of Japanese Business Men Behind Scheme Is Report

A project of inaugurating a regular passenger and mail air line between Japan and Canada to shorten between the continents to three days, is reported to have been considered by a group of Japanese business men and financed at a capitalization of $15,000,000. The plan contemplates assembling the Graf Zeppelin, which encircled the globe last year, are expected to be employed for the regular air trips.

The Japanese Government has been officially asked for the necessary permits, and the Japanese enterprises say they propose to go right ahead with their preparations. Seki Hoshino, noted Tokyo business man, is said to be the promoters, says the plan was projected last year shortly after the visit of the Graf Zeppelin. The single fare for a passenger, he said, would be $1,500.

Method Would Be Humane

A novel means for the humane destruction of wolves is brought forward by a resident of Ottawa. In a letter to the Ottawa Humane Society, he suggests that glass phials filled with prussic acid be placed in meat with which wolf traps are baited. Thus the prowler, consuming the meat, would die immediately and poisoned dogs in place will be left to expire slowly and in agony.

The astronomer's day is 23 hours and 56 minutes.

Deaths in civil aircraft accidents in England last year totalled 33.

Increase Of Wild Life In Canada's National Parks Proves Sanctuaries a Success

Scottish Ayrshire Export Trade Grows

Canada and States Taking Large Consignments Of Cattle

Scotland is rapidly developing an important export trade in Ayrshire cattle, the country's native dairy breed. The other week a consignment of 15 pedigree beasts, mainly from Ayrshire, was sent to Ontario, Canada.

Hugh Bone, secretary of the Ayrshire Cattle Herd Book Society, says that the export trade has increased greatly in last two years. He added: "We have exported 173 head of Ayrshire cattle since the end of March, and as the average price is between £60 and £100 a head it is obvious that the trade is a very valuable one. Last year we presented 30 head of Ayrshires to the University of British Columbia to form the nucleus of a herd there, and since then two more consignments have gone there. Canadian and American dairymen are the best foreign customers for Ayrshires. They find that our cattle can produce milk with a higher butter fat content on small rations. Three Ayrshires can thrive on the land where only two cows of other breeds could."

Reductions In Cattle Output

Sales During Last Five Years Show Low Point Reached In Production

In its annual report on conditions in the livestock market the Dominion Livestock Branch calls particular attention to reductions in cattle output. The report states: "The sales of commercial cattle during the past five years showed every evidence of having reached a low point in the method of bringing them to feed. During the years our combined sales to yards, plants and on direct export have declined below the million mark.

. . . Direct exports, however, increased by about 2,000 head, and direct sales to plants by about 5,000 head." It also reports growing activity in the Prairie Provinces in livestock production generally, and throughout the Dominion in sheep and lamb production.

Young Poultry Fanciers

Fourteen Boys' and Girls' Clubs In Armstrong, B.C.

Armstrong, in the Okanagan Valley, holds the record among the towns of British Columbia, if not of Canada, for juvenile poultry fanciers, having no less than fourteen boys' and girls' poultry clubs with a membership of 130. This is largely due to the enthusiasm and organizing ability of G. W. Game. The majority of these young folk met in conference the other day. They had a very enjoyable and profitable time, and, as they posed for a group photograph, they made no inspiring spectacle, boding well for the future of the industry in the premier poultry province.

Decided Without Trial

Judge—Have you anything to say in your own behalf?

Defendant — No, Your Honor. Those beautiful women on the jury, however—I mean the wonderful, youthful, graceful . . .

Lawyer—I object, Your Honor.

Defendant — They are beautiful women, and I . . .

Judge—It's no use—we may as well dismiss the case right now.

Sir Harry Lauder says the best novel a man can read is his own bank book. But we never cared for sad endings.

A machine for gathering olives is being put into use in some Mediterranean countries.

The London Police Department has almost 1,000,000 fingerprint records in its files.

Faint heart never won fair lady. Nor did it ever get away from one.

A dispatch to the Commissioner of National Parks, Department of the Interior, from A. Bryan Williams, Game Commissioner of British Columbia, announces the safe arrival of the carload of elk recently shipped from Buffalo National Park, Wainwright, Alberta, to the Queen Charlotte Islands. The animals are a donation by the Dominion to the Provincial Government for restocking purposes on these islands. They were captured from the wild elk herd, now numbering over 600, roaming the Buffalo reserve and were particularly fine specimens of their kind. They were cut out of the main herd by the park rangers, corralled until safe to handle, and then placed in specially constructed crates. Through the cooperation of the Canadian National Railways, a special baggage car was provided which was attached to the regular passenger train for Prince Rupert and went through express to that port. Here the elk were transferred to a boat sailing to the Queen Charlotte Islands. Not a loss or injury was sustained in transit and according to the report the animals are already settling down and adapting themselves to their new surroundings.

The successful transfer of wild animals as large as these by rail and water for over 3,000 miles was in itself an achievement; but the greatest interest attached to the undertaking was in the significance from the conservation point of view. A scientific philosopher has described this era as the close of the age of carnage. From every part of the world in the last quarter of a century have come reports that wild life was being decimated at a rate which, if it did not could reproduce itself. The inevitable spread of civilization, with its consequent destruction of forest land, draining of swamps, felling of forests and many other operations—has been destroying the natural wild animal homes of big game. In recent years, too, the forces of destruction due to mechanical invention and greater facilities of distribution have increased enormously, and disastrous inroads have been made in many species.

A few years ago there was organized in England a conservation movement known as the Society for the Preservation of the Fauna of the Empire. Its president, the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Onslow, in reviewing the decision of the Fifth International Game Conference, stated that the only satisfactory method of ensuring the preservation of wild animals in the far distant future is by the formation of sanctuaries or the establishment of national parks on a large scale. Of what could be accomplished, he cited the policy of the National Parks of Canada.

It will be recalled that about twenty years ago the national parks of this country were made game sanctuaries not only in name but in fact. An adequate system of warden patrols was established and the regulations rigidly enforced. As everyone knows the results have surpassed the most sanguine anticipations. Sheep, moose, elk and deer, which were practically disappeared from these regions, have now come back in such numbers that the parks have become in fact reservoirs for the West. The British Columbia Government has been drawing on them to restock its own game preserve areas. Two regions in the southern part of the province in recent years have been stocked with Rocky Mountain sheep—that much prized trophy of the sportsman. Two or three years ago a herd of elk was also shipped from Banff park to recruit the areas between the Okanagan and Kettle valleys. The National Parks of Canada have also been drawn upon from their increasing stocks, big game animals for zoological exhibits or as nuclei for conservation experiments in various parts of the world.

These results prove clearly the truth of Lord Onslow's contention in a recent report, that no ultimate world bankruptcy in wild life need not be accepted as inevitable. While preservation means vigilance, he pointed out, will help to maintain the stocks, it is only through the creation of national parks such as have proved so successful in Canada, that the final rescue of many species can be assured. Canada, he declared, is setting an example in conservation to other countries and its abundant success is a happy augury of what others may achieve.

Old Trees Discovered

Estimated to be 5,000 years old, "dragon trees" have been found on one of the Cape Verde Islands, off the cost of northern Africa. People of the Portuguese colony of St. Vincent believe that the seed sprouted at least 3,000 years before the birth of Christ. Some of the trees are 60 feet tall and have a crown of short branches.

Bank Manager: "I understand your husband can't meet his creditors."

Client: "I don't believe he wants to, particularly."

The biggest animals are not extinct; certain species of living animals are larger than any known fossil animals.

ON THE MIDWAY AT THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION, REGINA

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Sir John Simon, head of the recent British commission to India, plans to return to India, August 3, aboard the "Duchess of Atholl."

French ports of Calais, Boulogne, Havre, Dieppe and Cherbourg are reported well satisfied that the British Government has decided against a tunnel under the English Channel.

Carol Caraiman, citizen, has become King Carol II. of Rumania, by a vote of the Rumanian parliament, which lacked only one of being unanimous.

Andrea Macedo, a Portuguese, sailed from Morocco, June 8, for New York, in a 20-foot sloop named the "Anita." He was the lone passenger, sailor and navigator.

Amy Johnson, whose lone flight to Australia has roused the British, has been given $50,000 by Lord Rothermere's Daily Mail in recognition of her performance.

Two hundred members of the Agrarian Producers' Union, of the Argentine, will arrive at Victoria, B.C., on September 14, to commence a tour of Canada.

Passenger trains on the Continent are fast being equipped with radio receivers for passengers. The latest is the train from Hamburg to Paris. Passengers can hire headphones and listen in to Eiffel Tower Radio, Paris, or radio station EKX.

The Prince of Wales and Prince George have both entered "planes in the King's cup air race to be held July 5. Squadron Leader Don, who has been the Prince of Wales' pilot on recent flights, is expected to fly the royal hair's entry.

The first time an aeroplane will be used for inspection of Indian agencies and reserves in the Mackenzie River district, Inspector C. H. Parker, of the Department of Indian Affairs will leave Waterways, Alberta, within the most southerly objective being Herschel Island.

Western Canada New Mecca

Request For Information Received From United States Motorists

Motorists in many parts of the United States, having exhausted the possibilities of travel in Eastern United States, are now looking to Western Canada as their new Mecca. This was the frank statement in a letter received by the local office of the Saskatchewan Motor Clubs from its Southern Illinois affiliation, the Auto Club of Egypt, which urgently requested a generous supply of maps, booklets, holiday and road information concerning Saskatchewan.

Device Not Yet Perfected

Michigan Butchers Using Toster To Determine Tenderness Of Meat

Housewives now can ask the butcher what degree of tenderness meat has, as the result of an imperfected device, now being tested in Michigan and 24 other agricultural stations. The device was first tested at the United States Department of Agriculture at Washington. The apparatus consists of a knife so arranged that it can be drawn through a piece of meat with pressure exerted from a crank. The degree of tenderness then is registered upon a scale.

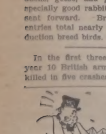
A Century Old Song

That fine old song "Rocked In the Cradle Of the Deep"—a perpetual challenge to bascos—was written by Emma Hutton, nearly one hundred years ago. Emma, an american poet of note in her day, wrote it on July 14, 1831, after a violent storm at sea during a voyage she made aboard the good ship "Sally," says Thomas F. McHugh, (in "Word Shadows Of the Great"). So that she was one person at least who went to sea before writing about it.

Large Entry From B.C.

Canada will have on display at the Crystal Palace, London, England, during the fourth World's Poultry Congress, July 22-30, a grand total of 863 birds, with 455 exhibition birds and 408 production birds. The remainder will be made up of ducks, geese, and pigeons. A few especially good rabbits are also being sent forward. British Columbia's entries total nearly half of the production breed birds.

In the first three months of this year 10 British army aviators were killed in five crashes.



IN THE BUBBLER'S YARD

"Why aren't you working? No one ever died of work."

"Quite possible, but I'd rather not risk it."—Lustige Koiner Zeitung, Cologne.

No Longer a Mystery

New Zealand Trade Commissioner Knows Why Canada Imports Sausage Casings

"Until I went to Canada in 1926, I could never understand why the Canadians spent so much money in importing sausage casings from New Zealand—about 370,000 pounds a year it is now," said Mr. W. C. Collins, New Zealand Trade Commissioner to Canada, at the Auckland Chamber of Commerce luncheon.

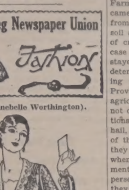
"I found the explanation when I landed at Vancouver and went to a football match. I was accosted by a hot dog vendor who shouted out to these words, 'Hot Dogs, 10 cents. Good for folks.'

"In my travels through Canada I soon came to realize the enormous production and sale of the so-called 'hot-dog.' And I think all I possibly could to increase the production of that delectable food. When I am among the Canadians again, I am going to use my best efforts to produce them to put in a bit of butter with the bread and mustard that always accompany the 'hot-dog.' If they do, it will mean at least another 10,500 tons a year of sausage casings from New Zealand."—Morning Herald, Auckland.

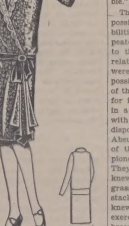
A Queer Coincidence

Three Commanders Of Trans-Pacific Liners Have "A. J." As Initials

Old sea-faring man say there must be a superstition or something about this "A. J." business among commanders of Canadian trans-Pacific liners. It is reminded of a coincidence, superstition or not, that three skippers of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services fleet were given the initials "A. J." when they were christened. It started with Captain A. J. Hailey, veteran commander of the "Empress of Canada." Then came along came Captain A. J. Hosken, of the "Empress of Russia." Now Captain Hosken is on shore leave and the man to replace him is another "A. J." —Captain A. J. Holland.



(By Annebelle Worthington).



Looking slender is easy when wearing the correct coat. For instance, take Style No. 2935, every detail to carry out vertical lines is plainly emphasized.

The surplice closing breaks the width through the bodice, while the collar that reaches to waistline at left side carries the eye down to the vertical line in skirt in jabot drape, that flows softly when wearer moves. Plaits in cluster effect at right side provide sufficient flare to hem. The crushed girdle hugs the waist and holds in surplice fulness. The neckline is softened by inset vestee and pin tucked shoulders. Sleeves are gathered into novelty cuff bands. Note the back is slim and straight.

The medium chosen for this attractive dress is canton crepe in navy print in burgundy tones. The girdle and vestee are velvet in burgundy shade with metal buckle. Vestee is eggshell sheath silk crepe with lace in matching shade.

It is designed in size 16, 18 years, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust.

It is very smart in black crepe satin with ecru lace about yoke with vestee cut of the reverse of crepe.

Canton crepe in rich wine red shade with vestee of beige crepe silk with shawl collar of self-fabric is effective.

Crepe Elizabeth, georgette crepe, plain soft crepe, printed crepe silk, crepe de chine, and crepe marocain chic.

Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address Pattern Department.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. ..... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

Some Jubilee Impressions

A Few Reasons Why Manitoba Is Holding Celebration

The enthusiasm with which the people of Manitoba are preparing to celebrate the Diamond Jubilee of the Province, on July 15 next, might lead an outsider, unfamiliar with our progress and development, to enquire what it was all about. He would need to be told that the Province was formally admitted into the Canadian Confederation on July 15, 1870, and that the present generation was showing its pride and satisfaction at what had been accomplished in the sixty-year period.

The outstanding fact in connection with Manitoba's history as a Province is that her people have practically achieved the impossible in the production of foodstuffs. One need not go far back into the annals of the country to realize the full significance and emphatic declaration of opinion on the country's resources, from a man whose opinion should have given him the right to speak with authority. He was foolish enough to insist, on more than one occasion, that wheat could never grow in the whole territory was apparently doomed and damned as a source of cereal production. What has been the real situation? Manitoba wheat has secured a firm position of leadership in the markets of the world, and has done it in something more than forty years. Without desiring to reflect in any way upon the fertility of the Province, it must be stated and added that most of the wheat is produced much more than ten miles from that famous waterway. Oats and barley have had testimony to the buttal of the foolish prophecies of men who should have realized the value of the Province as a cultivated grain, in fact, has provided the foundation for Manitoba's progress. Settlers who have made their homes came here from other lands, mostly from Ontario, to take a look at the soil and examine the other elements of production. In nearly every instance one look was enough. Those who stayed and worked with energy and determination, succeeded in establishing forever the reputation of this Province as a centre of high-class agricultural production. They were not daunted by weird tales of visitations of grasshoppers, drought, frost, hail, floods and all the other torments of the Egyptian plagues. For did they finish on the rare occasions when they encountered these torments, after a short consultation, they persevered and won through; perhaps they did not realize at the time that they were "achieving the impossible."

The dire predictions regarding the possibilities, or rather the impossibilities, of wheat production were repeated and multiplied when it came to the consideration of other items relating to the agricultural wealth. Here, it seems, to be disregarded as possible factors in the economic life of the country were such live stock, for instance, be expected to survive in a land where even the buffaloes, with unlimited grazing areas at their disposal, found difficult to exist. Absurd, according to the wiseacres of that day. But the agricultural pioneers did not agree with them. They "knew their onions," but they knew even more about their hay and grass, and cattle and stacks and stacks and shelter and stabling. They knew, too, that if a little care were exercised in choosing the proper breeds, and some degree of practical attention were accorded the stock during the comparatively short period of the severe winter weather, good results could be obtained. The justification of their faith is to be found in the large distribution of leading stock fairs throughout Canada and the United States during the past thirty years. Manitoba cattle have held their own with the best that could be produced anywhere. It is a matter of gratification to the people of Manitoba that to her citizen, his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, James Duncan McGregor, belongs the honor of establishing in the community largely through his success as a breeder of pure-bred cattle. That success has been due to intelligence, persistence, hard work and a refusal to believe that "it couldn't be done."

The story is the same in regard to other phases of farm activity. Who is there among the middle-aged people of Manitoba who does not remember the day when butter from Eastern Canada was considered essential to human existence here? A decade or a century ago it was the most impious to suggest that this Province should manufacture its own supplies. Today the Manitoba product is known and appreciated all over Canada, and in many foreign markets. The progress during the past ten years it has won most of the cups and prizes at leading exhibitions in every part of the Dominion, and has set a standard in the manufacture of butter which is a model for creamerymen in all the other provinces. As for eggs, the leading authority in the Dominion is on record with the statement that for excellent flavor and food value the product of the Manitoba hen is invaluable. Honey represents another instance where local achievement in the matter of quality has outstripped the foreign article. The canny housewife who buys a pail or jar of Manitoba honey knows she is getting the best that is to be had.

The refusal to lie down or retreat in the face of serious problems has always been a characteristic of Manitobans, and luckily that fine spirit persists in most of their descendants. Courage, patience, enthusiasm, perseverance and idealism, coupled with a large expenditure of muscular energy and perspiration, has gone far towards giving Manitoba the proud place in Canada and among the Provinces. Incidentally the prophets of famine and starvation have been put to shame. That in itself is worth while.—Old Timer.

Slaves Of Habit

Men Would Rather Suffer Than Do Anything Unconventional

Why is it required in summer time that a gentleman wear his coat everywhere except on the golf links or tennis court, or in the swimming pool?

Dignity demands it, some say. Also, it has always been the mark of a gentleman to wear a coat, no matter how ridiculous he looks mopping his face and perspiring, having himself violently with straw hat or newspaper.

Sports costumes have emancipated women, so far as summer apparel is concerned. Short sleeves, no collars, light and airy materials, head-dress straightforward enough to suit any the female of the species, be she flapper or dignified matron, to look cool and comfortable in the eyes of the sweltering man.

Why do not the men declare a little independence in the matter of summer clothes? Sweaters are to be worn beneath the shirt, so that dignity need not be sacrificed when the coat is removed. As an office uniform, the coatless outfit should make for greater comfort, increased efficiency and conservation of energy. Do not discard the coat, except when formality or comfort demand its use?

Although man never tires of belaboring the woman who is a martyr to the slave of fickle fashion, there are good reasons for suspecting that men folk would be willing to conform, if and melt under a heavy coat merely because it is unconventional to remove it in the presence of others.—The Port Arthur News-Chronicle.

Dafoe Lands Great Britain

Has Bought More From Canada Than Canada Has Bought From Her

"Britain opened her markets to us when the rest of the world closed theirs, and I am glad to say that a note of censure in an extremely good humored way because she would not do more," said John S. Dafoe, editor of the Manitoba Free Press, Winnipeg, in speaking at a banquet given in honor of Right Hon. Stanley Baldwin and other visiting delegates to the Imperial Press Conference in London, England.

"It is for you," continued Mr. Dafoe, "to decide your own policy in your own interests. Whatever your decision will be, we as Canadians will be willing to accept it and to co-operate.

"Our interchange trade is so important and so valuable as an Empire binder, then why don't we trade? No external power has forbidden Empire trade."

The Winnipeg editor avowed that he, for one, had no grievance against Great Britain as far as trade was concerned. During the 63 years of Canada's existence as a nation, he said, Britain had bought more than $4,000,000,000 worth more goods from Canada than Canada had bought from Britain.

Canada had bought from Britain.

A Timely Hint

In preaching the minister had been rather long-winded, when the young bride remembered that she had left the dinner in the gas range without regulating the flame. She hastily wrote a note and slipped it to her husband, who was an usher. Unthinking it was intended for the minister, calmly walked up and laid it on the pulpit.

The minister paused in the midst of his sermon and took the note with a smile which changed into a terrific frown as he read:

"Please hurry home and shut off the gas."

Passing the Buck

Things got so noisy in the flat upstairs last night that I finally went up and knocked on the door.

"Sorry," I said, "here's something I want you to read." And I handed him a sarcastic article I had clipped out of a humorous paper about the family upstairs.

"Heh, heh, heh!" he said, when he had finished it, "that's pretty good. Name have it, wifey? I wants show it to the family upstairs."

A heathen country is one in which the telephone doesn't ring while the only person at home is in the bathtub.

A Nevada man has invented an automobile attachment that fastens a lamp on the instrument board of a car when a tire is punctured.

Bandy—Money surely talks.

Andy—But it never gives itself away.

One shipyard in Glasgow, Scotland, now is employing 7,000 men.

Outbreaks of Cutworms in 1930

Are Present In Exceptional Numbers and Over Wide Areas

(Kenneth M. King)

The cutworm outbreak which was predicted this spring is materializing in very serious proportions and over wide areas. Two types of cutworms are involved:—Red-backed cutworm group generally throughout the park belt, and the pale western cutworm in a few districts as detailed below. It is important to distinguish between these two kinds, because of a marked difference in means of control. These cutworms are present in exceptional numbers, and the early hatching and generally dry conditions of this season are conducive to a heavy rate of damage, although the coolness of the spring has been somewhat unfavourable to the cutworms. District Investigation—The Red-backed cutworm seems to be generally abundant this year in the bush country, throughout the park belt, and has been found in some parts of the prairie land. It is particularly destructive in gardens and to the broad-leaved crops, though weeds may also be seriously damaged.

The pale western cutworm occurs in two areas:—(1) It is extremely abundant this year in south central Saskatchewan, in the heavy soil of the Regina plains. The outbreak definitely extends from Balcarres, Indian Head and Sintaluta on the east to Moose Jaw, and possibly to Eskbank and Central Butte on the west. Investigations have been made to the International Boundary, in the heavy soil. (2) An outbreak is also expected in extreme western Saskatchewan, especially around Alsask, extending possibly to Madison, on the east, and Maple Creek to the south.

How To Control—Red-backed cutworms can be readily distinguished by the definite colouring—usually a dull red—upon the back, and the distinct lines lengthwise of the back. The pale western cutworm is almost colorless, except for the dark spot, covered by the collar, and other contents of the body; it usually has a very greasy appearance.

Control Measures: — Red-backed Cutworm: Poisoned bran bait is a very effective and practical means of control, either in gardens or in large fields, for all cutworms of the red-backed type. The important thing is to watch the time of ordinance, that the bait in time to save the crop. If a field is ruined, use of the bait will permit immediate re-seeding safely.

Three things are essential in using this bait for cutworms: — (1) The bait must be put out in the evening, since it is only at night that these cutworms come above the service to feed. (2) A warm night should be chosen; if the thermometer registers less than fifty degrees Fahrenheit at sundown, it will be too cool to secure a good kill of cutworms. Best results are secured when the surface soil is moist. (3) The bait should be evenly spread over the surface, so that the worms must come in contact with the bait in order to feed on it; a very thin application, 20 to 30 pounds per acre, is sufficient.

The bait is prepared as follows:—Bran, 50 pounds; Paris green, ½ pound (or white arsenic, 1 pound); cheap molasses, 1 quart; water, 4 or 5 quarts.

The dry bran and poison are first thoroughly mixed together (keeping mouth and nose covered with a damp cloth, during the process) the molasses should be dissolved in the water, and this mixture then slowly stirred into the poisoned bran until it is thoroughly moistened and free from lumps. CAUTION:—Keep any unused bait or poison out of the way of children or animals.

Pale Western Cutworm:—Poisoned bran bait has not proved effective against the pale western cutworm; hence the special importance of distinguishing it from the red-backed kind). In fact, there is very little that can be done, where fields are heavily infested by the pale western cutworm, except to avoid waste of seed by delaying re-seeding until the cutworms have ceased feeding. These cutworms migrate very little, even when a field has been eaten bare, and cases are known where 3 or 5 seedings have been destroyed in the same field in one spring. This year, re-seeding will probably be safe about the end of June; this is, of course, too late for most crops, but barley may perhaps be used, or oats for green feed or hay.

Where only parts of a crop are destroyed by this cutworm, the remainder may be partially protected by making a deep furrow around each undamaged area.

Reports and Queries:—Circulars dealing with this outbreak will be issued by the Dominion Entomological Laboratory (University of Saskatchewan), Saskatoon.

Depends On Wood Fuel

Lumber Needs Run Second To Firewood In States

According to the Detroit News the United States is still dependent in a large measure upon firewood for fuel. Few persons, it says, realize that more trees are cut for this purpose than anything else.

Recently the News adds, one would think that lumber exacted the greatest drain upon our timber supply, but this runs second to firewood. It is estimated that 9,500,000 cubic feet of wood finds its way into home firebooms annually. Lumber for building is proven by board feet, and then there is a big drop down to fencing, listed at 1,800,000 board feet. Railroad ties come next with pulpwood and mine timbers fifth.

No mention is made of the amount of "firewood" consumed in forest fires. In Canada, this waste is prodigious—and the carelessness responsible for it, enlarges.

W. Corson, in a Moth 'plane arrived in Winnipeg at 7 o'clock. Half an hour before he had passed over Moth 'plane for Regina arriving at 10:30, have made the round trip in eight hours.

Considers Herself Too Young

Mrs. Elizabeth Haller, of Chicago, tells the court that she will not go to the old folks' home because she can't get along with "those old people." The court pondered, called for contributions and turned over $50 to Mrs. Heller, who says she will get a room and find a job, for all she is only 82 years old.

Florida has a longer coast line than any other state in the Union.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JUNE 22

THE RISEN LORD AND THE GREAT COMMISSION

Golden Text: "Go ye therefore, and make disciples of all the nations."—Matthew 28:19.

Lesson: Matthew 28:1-20.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 116:1-9.

Explanations and Comments

The Empty Sepulcher and Its Message, verses 1-8.—The Gospels do not describe the resurrection; they report it simply and briefly. Matthew tells of the visit of Mary Magdalene and the other Mary to the sepulcher late on Saturday, the Jewish Sabbath, as Sunday, the first day of the week, began to dawn. Mary Magdalene was from Magdala, a city on the western shore of the Sea of Galilee, who had been freed from "seven demons," Luke 8:2, and who is often wrongly confounded with "the woman who was a sinner," Luke 7. The other Mary" was the mother of James, Mark 16:1. "The other Mary" was present at the crucifixion and the burial, Matthew 27:56, 61.

Matthew tells us that no other Evangelist does, that there was a great earthquake, and an angel rolled the stone away and sat on it. His appearance was dazzling like lightning, and his raiment white as snow; through fear of him the watchers trembled and became as those at dead men. The Greek word for angel means messenger. He is a messenger. The angel "answered" the look of amazement and fear of the women and said: "Fear not ye, for I know that ye seek Jesus who hath been crucified." Then, "for" gives a reason for the soothing tone of the address. The angel recognizes them as friends of the Crucified."—A. B. Bruce. Then he added the amazing news: "He is not here, for he is risen even as He said." See Matthew 12:40; 16:21; 27. 63; Luke 24:6. "Come hither and see the place where the Lord lay." The angel invites them to go and behold. Peter and John is described in John 20:2-8.

The Glad Message, verses 7, 8. — They were not to stand long in mute astonishment. They were to carry the glad news to others: "Go quickly, and tell His disciples that He is risen from the dead; and lo, He goeth before you into Galilee; there shall ye see Him, as He has told you." Recall His promise to the disciples Matthew 26.32.

"The Lord is risen indeed. He is here for your love, for your need—

Not here in the grave, nor the sky,
But here where men live and die;
Where men sin and suffer and grieve;
Why seek ye the living among the dead?"

Richard Watson Gilder.

The Final Interview and Commission, verses 16-20.—"All power is hath been given unto Me in heaven and on earth"; in these words Jesus asserted His royal authority. His right to command rested upon the fact that He is King. The future of His Kingdom was His supreme concern, and He proceeded to issue His royal command: "Go ye therefore, and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them into the name." i.e., confessing the name, "of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit, teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I commanded you."

Fast Travelling

George McDougall, a member of the Regina Flying Club, left for Winnipeg early one afternoon. Flying W. Corson, in a Moth 'plane arrived in Winnipeg at 7 o'clock. Half an hour before he had passed over Moth 'plane for Regina arriving at 10:30, have made the round trip in eight hours.

Make Your Windows Pay

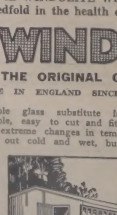
Invest in WINDOLITE Windows and you will be repaid a hundredfold in the health of your Poultry and Live Stock

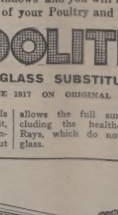
WINDOLITE

THE ORIGINAL GLASS SUBSTITUTE

MADE IN ENGLAND SINCE 1917 ON ORIGINAL PATENTS

This unbreakable glass substitute is light and flexible, easy to cut and fit, will withstand extreme changes in temperature, keeps out cold and wet, but allows the full sunlight to enter, including the health-giving Ultra-Violet Rays, which do not penetrate ordinary glass.





Canadian breeders of poultry and livest ock are finding Windolite a most satisfactory and profitable investment. Young chickens and turkeys are entirely free from leg weakness and disease and will thrive in confinement under Windolite. Windolite comes in rolls any length, but 36 inches wide only.

Distributors: JOHN A. CHANTLER & CO., LTD.

51 Wellington St. W. - - - - TORONTO, ONT.

TWICE BENEFITED BY SAME REMEDY

Recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Cobourg, Ontario—"Years ago when I had a sick father and a nursing baby to care for, I got all run down and I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to get strength to do my work. Another illness at Change of Life, I had severe headaches and felt tired all the time. I took seven bottles of the Vegetable Compound and felt like a new woman. I recommend it in any woman who is at the age where she needs building up."—Mrs. T. E. Sleeman, R. R. 4, Cobourg, Ontario.

SILVER RIBBONS

— BY —

CHRISTINE WHITING PARMENTER

Copyright 1929

CHAPTER XVI.—Continued.

"Not he," said Grandma, "but he must have been made of India rubber to get off as easy as he did. Doctor Carter was just leaving the office and the man landed right in his lap, so to speak, so he got a patient. I must say, if such a thing had to happen it sure happened where it did, on account of the doctor. It was most two hours before the man was fixed up to take stock of where he was along. The doctor took two stitches and got paid three dollars. It was a real interesting morning, and four people came in this afternoon just to hear about it. Well, dearie, did Jim tell you the news?"

"News?" echoed Charmian, "I should say you'd told it yourself. You're out of breath, Grandma, with talking so long and fast. I'm sorry to be late, but I was going to the Lamsboro and it seemed a pity to miss the ride when the foliage is so beautiful. I wish you could have gone with me."

She turned toward the kitchen, the impending meal on her mind, but the old lady stopped her with a question.

"But didn't he tell you about his mother?"

Charmian came back to ask: "What about his mother? He never mentioned her."

"You must have made yourself extra diverting then," said Grandma seriously. "George K. stopped in, and 'twas he told me the news. It doesn't seem hardly right to tell Sarah Bennett's going to California."

"California!" repeated Charmian in amazement. "And leave Jim?"

"My stars!" ejaculated the old lady. "Don't you know that Sarah Bennett wouldn't say more than she's going without Jim and she'd think of going without a pocket handkerchief? It seems she hasn't been feeling very well, and the doctor's been thought a warm climate might help her. Her twin sister, Sophie, lives somewheres out there, and they're going to her. What's more, George K. says if the climate agrees with her, the chances are they'll never come back to it. I say it had been an exciting day!"

CHAPTER XVII.

That night when she lay in bed, staring at cracks in the ceiling that showed weirdly bright in the light of the harvest moon, Charmian wondered if the evening meal had been fit to eat. She had gone about its preparation in a daze, wondering why Jim hadn't spoken of this big change in his life—feeling hurt that he wouldn't have confided in her—wondering how Wickfield would seem without her old playmate to drop in of an evening, or to pick her up after school hours as he had today—telling herself vigorously that she wasn't going to let it do with him—admitting in the next breath that she would miss him terribly. The clock in the Town Hall tower struck midnight before she closed her eyes.

Yet it had been a diverting evening because the Merrys had stopped in for a chat with Grandma. Doctor Howe, also, had drawn up before the door, and summoning Charmian outside with his familiar whistle, told her not to worry about her "job," that the school board would uphold her in case of trouble.

"But don't let Grandma hear a word about it," she implored him. "Has the deacon been to you already?"

"Not he!" smiled the old man. "He'll be too well whose side I'm liable to take. I heard the story from Jim Bennett. Guess he thought I'd better be prepared. Good-night, child. I won't say a word to Grandma; but you can count on me in an emergency; and, if I know him, you can count on George K., too. Don't lose your sleep."

This short encounter had brought Charmian's thoughts around to Jim, from whom they had wandered during the Merrys' call; but they were switched away again by John Carter, who was teaching Grandma three-handed bridge and wanted Charmian's assistance. They sat up till the unheard-of hour of ten!

Yet despite all these diversions, Charmian couldn't rest. Her anxiety about the trouble with Deacon Purdie, and her hurt that Jim hadn't spoken of his plans, were poor bedfellows. She looked big-eyed next morning, and the doctor said at breakfast: "You didn't sleep well, did you?"

"Do you keep an X-ray machine back of those eyes of yours?" she asked. "No, I don't sleep—that is, restfully. Our bridge game was too exciting. I feel as if I'd imbibed a pint of coffee."

"I'll drive you to school," offered the M.D.

The girl shook her head.

"I'm just as grateful, but I need exercise, and it's a gorgeous morning to walk."

"I kind of suspect," said Grandma softly, as Charmian left them, going to the kitchen to prepare their lunch. "That sick call of Jim Bennett's and Bennett didn't tell her he was going to California. Seems funny, doesn't it? But maybe I'm a mite upset; and so far's I know, no one else in Wickfield has ever been west o' the Mississippi except George K. and Salina. They took a trip on their silver wedding anniversary—a delayed honeymoon, George K. called it, because they hadn't the money or the time when they were married. They went most everywhere—Yellowstone Park, Los Angeles, San Francisco, and 'Frisco, and 'Frisco, though I think they'd have been afraid to cross the bay."

"Well, Doctor, I wonder will anybody break a neck in front of your office this morning. That accident was particularly interesting and four people came in this afternoon just to hear about it. Well, dearie, did Jim tell you the news?"

"News?" echoed Charmian, "I should say you'd told it yourself. You're out of breath, Grandma, with talking so long and fast. I'm sorry to be late, but I was going to the Lamsboro and it seemed a pity to miss the ride when the foliage is so beautiful. I wish you could have gone with me."

She turned toward the kitchen, the impending meal on her mind, but the old lady stopped her with a question.

"But didn't he tell you about his mother?"

Charmian came back to ask: "What about his mother? He never mentioned her."

"You must have made yourself extra diverting then," said Grandma seriously. "George K. stopped in, and 'twas he told me the news. It doesn't seem hardly right to tell Sarah Bennett's going to California."

"California!" repeated Charmian in amazement. "And leave Jim?"

"My stars!" ejaculated the old lady. "Don't you know that Sarah Bennett wouldn't say more than she's going without Jim and she'd think of going without a pocket handkerchief? It seems she hasn't been feeling very well, and the doctor's been thought a warm climate might help her. Her twin sister, Sophie, lives somewheres out there, and they're going to her. What's more, George K. says if the climate agrees with her, the chances are they'll never come back to it. I say it had been an exciting day!"

CHAPTER XVII.

That night when she lay in bed, staring at cracks in the ceiling that showed weirdly bright in the light of the harvest moon, Charmian wondered if the evening meal had been fit to eat. She had gone about its preparation in a daze, wondering why Jim hadn't spoken of this big change in his life—feeling hurt that he wouldn't have confided in her—wondering how Wickfield would seem without her old playmate to drop in of an evening, or to pick her up after school hours as he had today—telling herself vigorously that she wasn't going to let it do with him—admitting in the next breath that she would miss him terribly. The clock in the Town Hall tower struck midnight before she closed her eyes.

Yet it had been a diverting evening because the Merrys had stopped in for a chat with Grandma. Doctor Howe, also, had drawn up before the door, and summoning Charmian outside with his familiar whistle, told her not to worry about her "job," that the school board would uphold her in case of trouble.

"But don't let Grandma hear a word about it," she implored him. "Has the deacon been to you already?"

"Not he!" smiled the old man. "He'll be too well whose side I'm liable to take. I heard the story from Jim Bennett. Guess he thought I'd better be prepared. Good-night, child. I won't say a word to Grandma; but

Rheumatism CONQUERED

"After years of chronic pain, now in perfect health," says Mr. A. Dodgetsos. Thousands write, rheumatic pains, neuritis, vanish like magic from aching, cramped muscles, nerves, joints and overworked kidneys. Write for Free Amazing Proof and Testimonials.

WHY SUFFER FROM YOUR LIVER?

Why be handicapped with unsightly blotches on face, with yellow complexion and that tired and languid feeling? This indicates a torpid liver.

Headache, Dizziness and Biliousness surely follow. You must stimulate your lazy liver, start the bile flowing with Carter's Little Liver Pills.

They also act as a mild laxative, purely vegetable, free from calomel and poisonous drugs, small, easy to swallow, and not habit forming. They are not a purgative that gnaws or pains, unpleasant after effect following, on the contrary a good tonic. All Druggists 25c and 75c red pkgs.

haven't had any fights, or the dogs either! Here come an auto. I do believe it's Jimmy, and he's stopping."

She was right. Jim drew up before the door, got out, eyed a suspicious looking tire, and then came in.

(To Be Continued.)

Trial Shipment Of Oranges

Australian Fruit Being Sent To Canada As Experiment

Regina people may shortly have an opportunity of sampling oranges from Australia, according to Wm. H. Pierce, of Sydney, Australia, of the New South Wales Wholesale Fruit Distributors' Association Ltd.

A trial shipment of Australian oranges is being made to Canada, the first consignment being due to arrive at Vancouver about July 25, and it is expected that arrangements will be made to have a few boxes on sale in Saskatchewan.

Mr. Pierce stated that he thought that there would be opened up for regular shipments of New South Wales oranges to this country and if successful it might be followed by shipments of other fruits from the Australian States. He admitted there were some difficulties in the way, one of them being the fact that cargo boats only sail once a month. However, he did not think these difficulties were insuperable.

One of the advantages Australian oranges have early in the Canadian market, Mr. Pierce said, was the fact that they will put in an appearance after the season for California oranges is over.

Start Patrols In North

More Comprehensive Work Undertaken By Game Guards This Year

The most comprehensive summer game patrol schedule undertaken in the northland in recent years is under way under the direction of Sergt. Percy Rose, in charge of the work in Northern Manitoba. The first major canoe trip of the season was completed on Wednesday Sergt. Rose, accompanied by an Indian guide, travelled to Moose and Cedar Lakes, a distance of 200 miles.

In spite of storms and high winds, Sergt. Rose and Jack McKay, the guide, completed their visit to the settlements on the Moose and Cedar Lake areas as well off financially as they were in other years, Sergt. Rose reports. While no actual hardships were suffered among the Cree tribes, many of the families are living on reduced rations.

It is understood that much of the game warden's work in northern Manitoba will be of an educational nature, at least during the present season.

Named After Duke

Cambridge Bay, Victoria Island, was named by Thomas Simpson in 1839, after H.R.H. Adolphus Frederick, 6th Duke of Cambridge (1774-1850), and 7th son of George III. Thomas Simpson was a cousin of Sir George Simpson, Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company. Along with another explorer, H.M.C. officer, Peter Dease, he explored the Arctic Coast from Alaska eastward in the years 1836-39.

An old Negro was receiving a lecture from a judge.

"Now, I don't expect to see you here again," said the man of law.

"Why, Mr. Judge," queried the Negro, "you's not a-goin' to resign, are you, sah?"

Waiter: "Would you like to drink Canada Dry, sir?"

American: "I'd love to, but I'm only here for a week."

Doing a person a favor is not so much doing something you want to do for them, as doing something they want you to do.

Just another case of compensation of nature—as the car parking problem grows more serious, scientists find us a new planet.

Corns Quick Relief! PUTNAM'S Corn-Extractor

Used Experience To Advantage

Men Who Recovered From Insanity Leads Movement To Aid the Mentally Sick

One of the most striking figures at a world conference on mental hygiene recently in Washington was Clifford Beers, who was himself an asylum inmate for some time as a victim of insanity. He ultimately got better and resumed his place in society, and has devoted a large part of his time as a graduate of the University of Yale—he devoted his time to leading a world movement in aid of the mentally sick.

A man who has suffered from a terrible illness or affliction, and who whether he gets better of it or not, devotes his time or money to the cure or prevention of that trouble in others, has found his true niche in life. None can appreciate what these things mean so much as those who have suffered, and it is a pleasure that a great deal of the world's scientific progress arose from just such circumstances.

There is, however, one great scientist living, whose wizardly skill has not contributed to the particular affliction from which he suffers but Thomas Alva Edison is almost stone deaf, and has been this for many years. He has devoted a great deal of service to remove that condition. When asked why, he replies that he doesn't like to be bothered by people talking to him!

That may be just his little joke. But it does seem strange that he has never paid any attention to acoustical devices.

Of course, it may be that he considers it more a matter for medicine and surgery than for the electrical laboratory.

Newfoundland's First Paper

Was Issued At St. John's In August, 1807

A recently resurrected copy of the Royal Gazette, of June 1, 1811, recalls that the Royal Gazette and Newfoundland Advertiser, first paper ever published in Newfoundland, was issued for the first time on August 18, 1807, when St. John's was a thriving settlement of some 6,000 inhabitants and "its buildings were scattered and irregular." The paper was established by John Ryan, one of a band of Loyalists who left the United States following the War of Independence, in 1783. Stafford Ryan came from New Brunswick as article by the late J. W. Withers, King's Printer, shows, and the paper was, nor chimney, nor barn was allowed to be erected, nor any business other than publishing carried on, without the formal permission under the seal of the Governor, Sir Erasmus Gower, said put out the first edition of the Gazette entirely in type and press from New Brunswick.

An Outstanding Event

German Ex-Service Men Plan Visit To French Battle Fields

Exactly 10 years to the month Hellmuth's military steam-roller rumbled towards Paris in those harrowing August, 1914, days, an "army" of several thousand ex-service men is expected to invade France on a good-will mission among the world war battle fields.

If the scheme materializes, the peace rally between French and German ex-soldiers will be one outstanding events of the summer. Former troops of the German imperial army are to encounter thousands of their old foes in scenes of their most bitter fighting; and the purpose of the encounter will be to promote a strengthening of arms, but to measure the friendship which has replaced wartime animosities.

Small Radio Receivers

Tiny receivers, not much more than knee high, some of them even smaller than the still great radio fans this year. Using with the first trade show display of television apparatus by radio manufacturers, an apparent trend toward a decrease in the size of the receiver console was sharply apparent at the opening of the national pre-season exhibition and convention of the Radio Manufacturers' Association.

Persian Balm

Persian Balm the creator and preserver of beautiful complexions. Tones its effect and wonderfully stimulating. Safeguards and beautifies the skin. Delicately-textured. Clears, whitens and relieves all skins flushed or irritated by weather conditions. Magical for restoring the hands and making them flawlessly white. Perfect for the boudoir toilet requisite for the woman who cares.

Marking Great Medical Discovery

The decade of insulin, greatest medical discovery since the days of Pasteur, will be marked in Toronto on September 16 and 17 by the opening of the new Banting Institute of Medicine. Lord Moynihan, president of the Royal College of Surgeons will officially open the new building.

Null: "I started out on the theory that the world has an opening for me."

Void: "And you found it?"

Null: "Well rather. I'm in the hole now."

London's force of police-women is to be doubled in strength. In 1923 the number was raised from 24 to 30. Now it is to be more than 100.

ZIG-ZAG Cigarette Papers

Large Double Book 120 Leaves. Finest You Can Buy. AVOID IMITATIONS NOW 5¢

Old Secret Revealed

Cruel Sultan's Rod Of Power Held Concealed Weapon

The Red Sultan, as Abdul-el-Hamid II was known, brought death into the supposedly civilized times of the nineteenth century both the splendor and the wickedness of a darker age. He won his name from the carelessness with which he sent people to a better world, for which they may or may not have been grateful.

One of his peculiarities was that he was never seen without a certain jeweled sceptre in his hand. During a friendly audience he would use it as a staff, leaning his head upon the carved jade cross which formed the handle. In the midst of his throne room, and at the height of the massacres which he ordered in the Near East he used it to emphasize the decrees by which thousands of men, women and children went to their brutal deaths.

None knew just why this symbol of his tyrannic power was always present, but recently, half a century after his death, the secret has been revealed.

Abdul-el-Hamid II. left his sceptre to his successor—the first time that it had passed from his hand. But fate decided the ghastly jest. There was a revolution and, with other royal jewels, the rod of power found its way into the care of antique dealers.

Recently a merchant in the Rue Boetie, in Paris, took the sceptre from a shelf where it had long rested and, when he discovered as he handled it he touched the jewels, and suddenly one of them gave way with a little click. He pressed again, the sceptre opened and there was revealed a long, thin, cruelly dangerous dagger.

The Red Sultan stands revealed as a man who was afraid, who knew that in the midst of his authority he was not safe. Victor or vanquished alike might attempt his life and who carried ever in his own hand the only surety upon which he might depend.

A Real War Hero

Cardinal Lucon, Of Rheims, Served His Country Loyally

The death of Cardinal Lucon, of Rheims, removes one of the most notable ecclesiastical figures of the war period. When the German guns were trained upon Rheims, when the magnificent cathedral was trembling with their thunder, and part of the sacred edifice was actually crushed by German shells, the Archbishop stood faithfully at his post. He would not leave, though urged to retire to a place of safety, from place, he declared, he would not flock. He protested against the shelling of the edifice, and continued to fulfil his duties throughout the various bombardments. Later, he made his protest more effective, and it was his fiery appeal to the Pope condemning the inhumanities of the German deportation of French folk from northern France that drew from the Vatican the famous message of rebuke to the German Emperor.

Cardinal Lucon was made of the stuff that wins for men in other walks of life honors and fame. The example of courage he set, his calmness, his resolution, his devotion and his abiding faith, made the Rheims Cathedral a beacon towards which Frenchmen turned in their hour in the hours of agony. The cathedral still stands, and now its many hallowed memories are augmented by the record of a life devoted to the service of God and man, and the name of Cardinal Lucon is engraved for ever upon its scroll of those who stood firm in their faith during a period when men's faith was sorely tried. He was a true hero, and as much as were Joffre and Foch, and he served his country just as loyally.

Settled the Question

Two small brothers, in the interim of a rough-and-tumble on the porch, fell to discussing the activities, stature and whatnot of angels. Fairly well grounded in the orthodox conception on these matters in general, when the subject of the celestials' wings came up for consideration the small brothers' knowledge began to limp a bit.

"What, queried Jackie, "what do the angels do with their wings when God tucks them in bed?"

"Flo!" jeered brother Bobby, Jackie's elder by a year, "angels don't go to bed—they go to roost!"

Authors Are Prosperous

There has never been such a time as the present for English writers who catch the public taste. Within the last twelve months one author has made more than £60,000 by a single play, and another nearly £100,000 from a single novel. And both are well on the right side of 40.

Advertisement: "Party that lost wallet containing $100 need worry no longer; it has been found."

There are 3,567,180 letters in the Bible.

Showed Canada's Efficiency

Opening Day At Antwerp Exhibition Found Building Complete To Last Detail

"Canada scored signally in the early weeks of the International Exhibition at Antwerp, and continues to lead and dominate the Fair," said E. L. Nollis, Director of Exhibits (Department of Immigration and Colonization), Canadian Pacific Railway, on his return from that exhibition, which still has six months to run. "The reason for Canada's prominence," Mr. Nollis explained, "is Canada alone of all the participating countries, had her building set up and finished, inside and out, on time. Not only that, but the whole scheme of the Canadian Pavilion was complete in the last detail of lawn and walks, shrubbery, hedge and flower beds. The whole ensemble, in fact, was a striking achievement which, in a singular manner, gave an impression of efficiency that was decidedly a feather in Canada's cap."

WHEN YOUR CHILD IS FEVERISH

Give Him Baby's Own Tablets

The health of babies and little children is subject to rapid changes. That the mother must be on her guard. At the first sign of feverishness Baby's Own Tablets should be given—this may avert a serious illness.

Concerning the Tablets Mrs. Norman Lee, Uxbridge, Ont., says: "My little boy, now three years old, was not at all well. He was feverish and had no appetite. I gave him Baby's Own Tablets and he was soon well again. I would not be without the Tablets as long as there are young children in the house."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Great Cause Of Bee Losses

Not Disease, But Chilling and Exposure In Early Spring

One of the greatest causes of bee losses in the early spring is not disease, but the effects of exposure and chilling, states C. B. Gooderham, the Dominion Apiarist. Manipulation of bees in the colonies during the spring and early summer is necessary to determine that the colonies are headed with a prolific queen, well supplied with food, and with room to expand as new bees for the honey harvest, but any manipulation which results in a chilled brood defeats the purpose. The principal causes of chilled broods are: examination of colonies when the outside temperatures are too low; splitting the brood nest; and lack of protection.

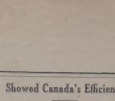
Many Government Employees

One out of every five Germans receives a salary or financial aid from the Government, Minister of Labor, Adam Stegerwald, told the Reichstag's budget committee. In all, he said, 12,000,000 persons are receiving money from the national treasury in one way or another.

Minard's Drives Away the Headache.

Travels Hour Every Day

Traffic statisticians have figured out that one hour a day of the average Berliner's time is consumed riding on omnibuses, street cars or elevated or underground trains. This amounts to 13 full days a year.



Always Pure Uniform Easily Digested

The Borden Co., Limited
160 St. Paul W., Montreal
Please send me free booklets

NAME .....

ADDRESS 832

Little Helps For This Week

"That ye love one another."—John xxv. 17.

Give thy heart's best treasures,
From fair Nature learn
Give thy love, and ask not,
Wait not a return.
And the more thou spendest
From thy little store,
With a double bounty
God will give thee more.

—Adelaide Anne Procter.

The beautiful law of Christian love, life, and truth is, that the more we give of our capital the more that capital increases. The widow's cruse of oil and barrel of meal increased as she ministered them; and a Christian's sunshine and happiness, faith and hope, will be invigorated and multiplied in proportion as he tries to make others hopeful, trustful, and happy.—John Cumming.

Nursery In Movie

Novelty Just Introduced By Picture Theatre In Stockholm

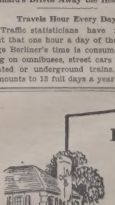
A moving picture theatre with a roof garden and spacious playroom for children is a novelty just introduced in Stockholm, one of the finest, latest and most modern of cinema houses in Stockholm.

"Many mothers never have a chance to see a motion picture show," said an official of the Swedish film industry company, owner of the Filmnatan. "The children take up their entire time. At this theatre, however, they may leave them in charge of the playroom nurse, watch the picture and know that the youngsters are safe and have an entertaining time."

The use of Miller's Worm Powders insures healthy children so far as the ailments attributable to worms are concerned. A high mortality among children is traceable to worms. These sap the strength of infants so that they are unable to maintain a battle of life and succumb to weakness. This powerful agent gives promise of health and keeps it.

Only One Restriction

Inquiry has been made at headquarters of the World's Grain Show, Regina, as to whether or not the number of exhibitors from any one province or state is restricted. There is no restriction whatever to the number of entries in any of the competitive classes except that an exhibitor will be allowed to make not more than one entry in any one class.



FIRE seldom visits houses having Gyproc Wallboard ceilings, partitions, walls and sheathing. On the contrary Gyproc has saved many homes.

This pioneer Canadian fire-safe gypsum board has a new Ivory coloured finish this year that makes decoration unnecessary (when panelled). It is just the thing to use for making extra rooms in the cellar or attic.

Quickly erected, inexpensive, structurally strong, Gyproc Wallboard gives permanent fire protection.

Your dealer's name is listed below. Ask him today for full information or write for interesting free book, "Building and Remodelling with Gyproc."

GYPSUM, LIME AND ALABASTINE, CANADA, LIMITED
Winnipeg - Manitoba

The NEW IVORY
GYPROC
Fireproof Wallboard

The Proof is the Eating

Many a batch of bread has been spoiled by the flour not turning out just right.

Opportune Flour
Is Always Reliable

It is manufactured from wheat grown in your own district, and ground in your own town. Why say more? Buy from us and you support home industry.

Custom Milling
BRAN and SHORTS
FOR SALE

McKAY & GATES
PROPRIETORS

The
City Cafe
A Good Place to Eat
Open Day and Night
FIRST-CLASS MEALS
COURTEOUS SERVICE
CLEANLINESS
Tobacco, Cigarettes
Soft Drinks
Chocolates, Candies
New Frigidaire
Ice Cream
WONG HONG FOO
FRANK WONG

R. A. Stewart
HAIL INSURANCE—Good Strong Companies
FIRE — Automobile and Accident Ins. Marriage Licenses
Commissioner for Oaths
Registrar Births, Marriages, Deaths.
TOWN HALL. - DELIA, Alta.

D. L. Sloan
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
CRAIGMYLE, Alta.
Phone 7

THOS. F. RIEGER
MERCHANT TAILOR
Suits and Overcoats made to order
Cleaning, Pressing, and Repairing
We are agents for Empire Cleaning and Dyeing Co.
"Gem" ready-to" Made-to-measure Clothes

S. P. BROWN
WELL DRILLER
(Drilling in Delia district this year)
EAST COULEE, ALTA

Job Printing Neatly and Quickly Executed at Delia Times Office. Honesty and Service is our motto.

Church Services

THE UNITED CHURCH
OF CANADA

Rev. Geo. A. Steele, B.A., Pastor
Rev. Chas. Hall, Phone 17

Services, Delia—			
Sunday School	11.00 a.m.		
Service of Worship	7.30 p.m.		
Verdant Valley	12.00 noon		
Hand Hills	3.30 p.m.		
June 15 and 29			
Sentinel Hill	3.30 p.m.		
June 22nd			

THE BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. Dr. M. White, Pastor.

Services are held each Sunday as follows:—
Sunday School ... 11 a.m.
Morning Service ... 12p.m.
Cozier School ... 3 p.m.
Evening Service ... 7.30 p.m.
TUESDAYS
Senior B.Y.P.U. ... 7.30 p.m.
WEDNESDAYS
Junior B.Y.P.U. ... 7.30 p.m.
Prayer Meeting ... 8.30 p.m.
Subjects —
Morning—"Christ's Temptation."
Evening—Jesus Christ the Saviour.
The Lord's Supper is observed on the first Sunday of the month, after the morning service.

Local Grain Prices.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 18, 1930.

Wheat—
No. 1 Northern ..... .81
No. 2 Northern ..... .79
No. 3 Northern ..... .76
No. 4 Northern ..... .73
No. 5 ..... .64
No. 6 ..... .52
Feed ..... .38

Oats—
No. 2 C.W. ..... .36
No. 3 C.W. ..... .31
No. 4 C.W. ..... .27
No. 5 C.W. ..... .23
Feed ..... .18

Barley—
No. 3 C.W. ..... .22
Extra No. 1 Feed ..... .16
No. 1 Feed ..... .16

NEW POOL PRICES
Harvest effective Dec. 10th, 1929
No. 1 Wheat ..... .84
No. 2 " ..... .81
No. 3 " ..... .76
No. 4 " ..... .70
No. 5 " ..... .63
No. 6 " ..... .45
Feed ..... .36

For Sale
Ground Feed
Bran and Shorts
Oil-cake Meal
Oyster Shell
Corn Charcoal

Delia Flour, Feed & Water Supply
Phone 41

The New Series
Pontiac Big Six
A famous name, a finer car

Gas, Oils, Grease, Dunlop Tires, Accessories Battery Recharging

LLOYD SMART
North Side Garage DELIA, Alta.

Willow Creek Coal
FOR WILLOW CREEK COAL
Phone 1909

W. C. King
AUCTIONEER and VALUER
Phone 42, Delia

FOR SALE
Registered Shorthorn Bull, two years old; extra good animal. Apply
H. L. KLUG, Craigmyle,
25p Phone 1117

WANTED
To rent a tent, for two weeks early in July, one with floor preferred.
S. C. CLAWSHAW,
25tf At Farmers' Store."

VILLAGE OF DELIA

Applications will be received at the Town Hall until the 10th day of July for the office of Secretary-Treasurer of the Village of Delia. Duties to commence on the first day of August, 1930.
R. A. STEWART,
25-26a Secretary-Treasurer.

VILLAGE OF DELIA

Tenders will be received by the Village of Delia on lots of 50 yds. or more of coal, which is to be of 3250 p.h. to be supplied. The persons receiving the contract to haul must supply the lowest brick.
Tenders to close June 30th.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
R. A. STEWART,
25-26a Secretary-Treasurer.

Report of Cream Prices

For the week ending June 7th, 1930, the following prices were reported by cooperative cream pools of butterfat in the several grades of cream, and at the points shown :—

	Special Cream		Two Grade
	Grade One	Two Grade	Cream
	c.	c.	c.
Coronation	28	26	23
Strathmore	"	"	"
Lacombe	27 28 25-26	22-23	
Sundre	27-28	25-26	
Innisfail, Calgary	28 29	24 25	24 23 16
Swifts, Edmon.	28	26	23
Fertile Valley	"	"	"
Ponoka	29 27	27-25	24 22
Ponoka, Swan's & Co.	"	"	"
Rimbey	"	"	"
Rimbey Co-op.	28 27	26-25	23-22
* All others	27-28	25 24	22 21 17 16

*Price of cream reduced 1c June 6th.

One Good Recipe Makes a Cook Famous

Salads, appetizing and attractive, are never more appreciated than at this time of the year when the family almost have to be coaxed to eat. Below is a recipe for a stuffed pepper salad which will be found unusual, and one made will be called for again and again.

STUFFED PEPPER SALAD
3 medium sized green peppers; 1 small cream cheese, 1 cupful grated Canadian cheese, salt ; 2 cupfuls chopped pimientoes; thin cream; paprika, lettuce; mayonnaise.

Remove the tops from the peppers, scoop out seeds, and boil five minutes in boiling salted water, then remove and chill. Mix together the cream cheese, Canadian cheese and pimientoes, moisten with cream as needed, and season with salt and paprika to taste. Pack into peppers, chill well, then slice and serve on lettuce leaves with a garnish of mayonnaise. Serves six.

WHEN—
O God of mountains, stars and boundless spaces
O God of freedom and of joyous hearts!
When Thy face looketh forth from all man's faces,
There will be room enough in crowded streets!
Bread Thou around me and the noise is gone.
Thy universe my closet with shut door.—George MacDonald.

Local and District

BIRTHS

KEOBKE—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Neil Keobke, of Munson, on June 12, 1930, a son.

LAMB—Born to Mr. and Mrs. R Lamb, of Rowley, on June 9, 1930, a daughter.

TAVTIN—Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Tattin, of East Coulee, on June 8, 1930, a daughter.

THOMSON—Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Thomson, of Rowler, on June 12, a daughter.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs W. B. Dunlop were visitors to Calgary by auto last week

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. Dawson were visitors to Calgary the latter part of last week.

* * *

Mrs. Stanley Horsky was called to Chicago the beginning of last week owing to the death of her mother.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Davis, and son, Roy, left on Monday for Bentonsport, Iowa, on a visit to relatives for a couple of months.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Grant, who were in charge of the Crown Lumber Yard here, motored through from Mirror to Craigmyle Sunday.

* * *

Delia Agricultural Fair prize lists are now ready, and copies and entry forms can be obtained from the secretary, Mr. R A. Stewart, at Town Hall.

* * *

Alexander Beaton and Lois Loug, of Manitoba School for the Deaf, Winnipeg, arrived home on Wednesday morning for their summer vacations

* * *

Quite a number from this district motored to Hanna on Wednesday to attend the meeting held by Maj. J. L. Newman, Independent candidate, in Shacker's Theatre.

* * *

Jesus Christ says—"Because I live, ye shall live also." Do you think you will have a resurrection? If you are not sure, come and learn on Sunday evening at the Baptist Church at 7.30 p.m.

* * *

L. A. Grant, manager of the Crown Lumber Co. here before being taken over by the F. C. Richert Lumber Company, is still with the firm, and now located at Mirror, Alberta.

* * *

The aeroplane that passed over the town travelling west on Sunday about noon, was forced to come to earth on its return journey Monday at James Luther's farm east of town, owing to the terrific dust and wind storm.

* * *

Mr. Savage, from near Lethbridge, is substituting for Mr. and Mrs E A Thompson at Delia post office. The latter have several weeks Mrs. Thompson is in poor health we understand, and finds it necessary to take a vacation.

* * *

The weather in this district since the latter part of last week has been mostly very windy and hot. There have been a number of violent dust storms, doing considerable damage to crops through soil drifting. Some places report as high as 75 per cent. damage. Last Friday it rained most of the day. The dust storm of Monday, and accompanying hot wind, quickly dried up the moisture that had fallen during the end of the week. There were light local showers Wednesday, with prospects for more rain. Crops are in fair condition generally, but more rain is badly needed.

Close Election Is Predicted By Ottawa Observers

The calm before the political storm has ended and the storm will be on with ever increasing force for the next few weeks.

Two and-a-half million Canadians it is estimated, have access to radio receivers in their homes, and probably a minimum of half a million listened in on the trans-Canada hook-ups which broadcast both Premier King and Mr. Bennett in their opening speeches of the campaign. The Bennett hook-up embraced twenty stations from Cape Breton to Vancouver, and reports received in the capital show that he and the premier were heard in the most remote outposts of settlement.

Provincial broadcasting will be used throughout the campaign by both leaders, while many candidates will make use of local stations to reach the public. There will be few national tie ups, for they compel the speaker to make a completely different address for each occasion, a job which is not relished in the heat of the campaign in which a leader will travel probably 12,000 miles, meet thousands of people personally, and talk to them for from three to five speeches a day.

Good progress is reported with nominations by all parties, though co-operation between the Government and Independent members to eliminate three cornered contests is not yet a matter as it was in 1926. This year some of the most severe criticism of the budget was voiced by the Independents, and there is no guarantee that they will support Mr King in the event of a close result.

Definite indication that Mr King anticipates such a result was embodied in his closing statement to parliament in which he stressed such a possibility. In fact all close observers at the capital appear to be agreed that the outcome will be close, and that the side it will swing to will be largely determined by conditions in Quebec province and on polling day.

Candidates In Field For Alberta Election

ACADIA—FLores Prondfoot, U.F.A.; Lethbridge, Ind.
ALEXANDER—J.E. Ingeneuer, U.F.-Labor; Dunvegan, Ind.
ATHABASCA—J.W. Frame, U.F.A.; F.R. Fabbri, Ind.
BOW RIVER—J.J. A. Deliale, U.F.-A.; Capt. H. H. Dakin, Lib.; Dr. Lobbi, Ind.
BOW VALLEY—L. F. Sehoolling, U.F.A.; Major Robinson, Ind.
CARDSTON—Sir Seale—J. J. Rowlen, U. A. Wet; Wm. Stewart, U.F.A.; H. C. Farthing, Dr. H. W. McGill, H. S. Patterson, Jas. Irvine, Con. E. Trevor—Sir J. White, Thos. Vickers, Labor; 2st H. Farrer, U.F.A.; Dr. W. McKee, Ind.; John O. Sullivan, Communist.
CARSTAIRS—Hon. Perrin Baker, U.F.-A.; S. M. Westvick, Lib.
CASTOR—Hon. Geo. Hoadley, U.F.A.; Ryerson Christie, Lib.
CLOVER BAR—Dudleigh Hennig U.F.-A.; S. T. Bigelow, Cons.; Chris Hein, Ind.
COCHRANE—R. M. McCool, U.F.A.; Wm. Laut, Lib.
CONSTANCE—T. H. Johnston, U.F.-A.; Dr. A. M. Day, Ind.
CYPRESS—Hon. Perrin Baker, U.F.-A.; Robt. C. Black, Lib.
DISMONT—A. E. Claypool, U.F.A.; W. A. Austin, Ind.
DRUMHELLER—A. F. Kay, Labor; D. S. T. Bigelow, Cons.; Chris Hein, Ind.; John O'Sullivan, Communist.
EDMONTON—Sir Greenfield—J. C. Mahaney, J. T. J. Collison, W. R. Howson, G. F. Mitchell, Lab.; E.D. M. Dingle, xCol. C. Y. Weaver, Dr. W. A. Atkinson, R. R. Gelpe, J. A. Buchanan, N. C. Wilson, Cons.; xU. L. Gibbs, Dr. D. K. Knott, A. Farmilo, S. A. & H. Armstrong, Hon. J. F. Lymburn, U.F.A.; J. Blue, Ind.; Tim Buck, Labor; Jas. Communist
EDSON—Chris Pattinson, Labor; Chas. Payne, Lib.
EMPRESS—C. G. Smith, U.F.A.; E. E. Mantz, Ind.
GLEICHEN—xJ. C. Buckley, U.F.A.; H. R. Mackie, Lib.; Ind.
GRANDE PRAIRIE—xHugh Allen, U.F.-A.; acclamation
GROUARD—Mrs. J. W. Field, U.F.A.; Jas. Cunningham, Ind.
HAND HILLS—xGordon Forster, UFA; Thos. J. Lee, Conservative
INNISFAIL—xDonald Cameron, U.F.A.; D. J. Mcskeberg, Lib.; Dr. G. C. Mitchell, Ind.
LACOMBE—xHon Irene Parlby, U.F.A.; W. J. Sladen, Lib.
LAC STE. ANNE—xM. C. McKeen, U.F.-A.; acclamation
LEDUC—xD. C. Breton, U.F.A.; A. P. Hall, Lib.
LETHBRIDGE—xAndrew Smaston, Labor; W. D. L. Hardie, Ind.; Robt. Brattenden, Ind.
LITTLE BOW—xHon O. L. McPherson, U.F.A.; acclamation
MACLEOD—xT. W. Shiell, UFA; J. W. McDonald, Lib.
MEDICINE HAT—xLector Lang, Lib.; F. W. Blanchard, Cons.; I Bullivant, Ind
NANTON-CLARESHOLM—xGordon Wallace, UFA; W. J. Hillman, Lib.
OKOTOKS-HIGH RIVER—xHon George Hoadley, U.F.A.; Mastlosquan, Lib
OLDS—F. S. Grindals, UFA; George Clark, Lib.
PEACE RIVER—W. Hailey, UFA; C. W. Frederick, Ind.
PEMBINA—xGeorge MacLachlan, UFA; H. G. Curlett, Ind.
PINCHER CREEK—Robert G. Cook, UFA; H. Hossenbury, Lib.
PONOKA—xHon J. E. Brownlee, UFA, acclamation
RED DEER—xG. W. Smith, U.F.A.; W. E. Payne, Cons.
RIMBEY—xW. G. Farquharson, UF-A.; Jas. Lees, Lib.; Ind.; Robt. Cone
ROCKY MOUNTAIN—Joseph Stubbs, Labor; G. E. Cruickshank, Ind.; Richard Sagworth, Communist.
ST. ALBERT—G. St. Germain, U.F.A.
ST. CLAIR—Hugh Rodgers, Lib.
ST. PAUL—xLaudie Joly, U.F.A.; Jos. M. Decloine, Lib.
SEDGEWICK—A. G. Andrews, U.F.A.; W. H. wallace, Cons.
STETTLER—xA. J. Sanders, U.F.A.; A. B. Clarke, Lib.; H. A. Shaly, Ind.
STONY PLAIN—Donald McLeod, UFA; Alex Ewing, Lib.
STURGEON—xS A Carson, UFA; John Kinsle, Lib.
TABER—J. J. McMillan, UFA; J. R Hossenson, Ind. UFA
VERMILLION—xE. L. Matheson, UFA; H. A White, Lib.
VETERAN—xJohn R. G Reed, UFA; Bruce Hall, Lib.
WAINWRIGHT—xA. Watson, UFA; S W Bishop, Lib.; O Lavoy, Cons.
WAINWRIGHT—xJ. H Love, UFA; S H Montgomery, Lib.; Ind.; Ind.
WARNER—xH J Conner, UFA; Roy Simmons, Lib.
WETASKIWIN—xE E Sparks, UFA; H J Montgomery, Lib.
WHITFORD—Isador Gorinski, UFA; Gen. Newkwarsk, Lib.; G Slawski, Ind.
Total—UFA, 47; Liberal, 20; Conservatives, 18; Labor, 11; Independent, 24; Communist, 3; Social, 1—124.
Number of constituencies, 63.
Number of candidates, 124.
x Indicates, member in last assembly.

Minutes of M.D. Council of Lambton

Council met at Craigmyle on Saturday, June 7th, at 2 p.m. All councillors were present. Minutes of previous meeting were read, and on motion of coun. Simpson were adopted.

Secretary read Hydo-by 67, for the purpose of making grants as per resolution passed at previous meeting. Moved by coun. Chapman that this hydo-by remain in abeyance at this meeting. Carried unanimously.

Hydo-by No. 67 having received its three readings, it was moved by coun. McDonald that this by law be adopted as read. Carried.

Secretary advised that July 12th had been named polling day for the purpose of giving East half of Township 33-17-4 an opportunity to vote themselves into the Hanna Hospital District. Coun. Hawkins named Jens Dochenne as Deputy Returning Officer with polling place at Victor School.

With reference to the proposed park of fractional S.E. 22-33-17-4 Secretary advised that he had written to Ottawa asking that Bibbald's lease of this land be cancelled, and formally applying for lease of same for park purposes.

A meeting had been held on the 6th inst. for the purpose of applying for provisional directors for this proposed park. This meeting appointed the following as directors, subject to approval of the council: C. A. Sloan, F. C. Heidt, and C. A. Philips.

Moved by coun. Hawkins that application of C. A. Sloan, F. C. Heidt, and C. A. Philips as Board of Trustees for park be approved. Carried.

Mr. Hughes of the Western Steel Products was present and addressed the meeting.

Secretary advised the Council of the necessary additional credits which would be required, and it was moved by coun. Chapman that the Reeve and Secretary be authorized to borrow from the Canadian Bank of Commerce an additional $6000.00 for current municipal purposes, an additional $1000.00 for schools, and an additional $1000.00 for hospitals. Carried.

Mr. J. R. Boos, weed inspector was present. He is the only one who while at Long Lake and advised he believed the Provincial Government would now at once go to this. He now be given authority by the council to hire men to clean off the rond allowances where necessary of noxious weeds.

Moved by coun. Mr. Boos was instructed to pay 30c an hour for a man ; and 50c an hour for a man with single disc, and 75c an hour for a man with double disc.

Mr. J. E. Blore was present and took part in the discussion on weed matters. Messages caused to his land by ditch made into E ½ 2-32-17-4 to year 1919. He figured his damage caused to his crop to year 1928 as $2,050, including $900.00 for loss of hay.

The Reeve assured Mr. Blore that some action would be taken in the matter. It was moved by the Reeve that we get surveyor to investigate ditch into Mr. Blore's place and advise the council on the matter. Carried.

Letters were read from the Department of Agriculture and Mr. Mogers in respect to Government rond grants. It was decided by the council to spend the grants as follows :

Capital Grant $1,500.00

South of 4-31-16-4, West 4 to West 16-31-16-4 ..... $750.00

Sec. 17-31-17-4, W. 32-32-17-4, W. 31-32-17-4, W. ½ 33-17-4 to W. 19-33-17-4 ..... $750.00

Income Grant $1201

W. 13-33-16-4 to W. 36-33-16-4. $350.00
W. 31-33-17-4 to W. 36-33-17-4. $161.00
W. 16-33-18-4 to W. 36-33-18-4. $150.00
N. 33-31-18-4 to N. 36-31-19-4. $150.00
S. 16-32-18-4 to N. 19-32-18-4. $150.00
S. 24-32-18-4 to N. 36-32-18-4. $200.00
W. of N.W. 36-33-18-4 Approaches to bridge $200.00

Coun. Chapman spoke to the council about the bit of rond on the rond north and south, west of A. Larson's house. This bit for a quarter of a mile is very sandy. Straw was put on the rond on account of no moisture straw would not pack and some cars were having trouble in getting through. Coun. Chapman said Mr. Larson had offered to clay this rond over the straw for between $200.00 and $300.00, and that he was willing to wait until next year for part of the payment. Coun. Chapman stated he would not have sufficient money in his divisional funds to pay for the work this year and he asked permission of the council to have this work done. It was agreed that coun. Chapman be allowed to spend an amount not in excess of $300.00 in claying this piece of rond provided the grazier agreed the payment is paid over until next year.

Moved by coun. Simpson that we purchase one 50 lb. drum of Almaide from Chipman Chemical Co.

Moved by coun. MacDonald that payment of account of Dr. Palmer be received. Carried.

Moved by coun. Chapman that accounts as presented be paid. Carried.

Meeting adjourned.

4,155 Canadians Go To U.S. In March

The statistics for March, 1930 show 84,557 aliens admitted into the United States and of these 4,155 were Canadians. During the preceding eight months the average monthly immigration from Canada was 5,885 according to a statement issued by Harry E Hull, Commissioner General of Immigration, Department of Labor.

CANADA'S BEEF CATTLE INDUSTRY

Department of Agriculture Co operates With Ranchers in Studying Problems of Industry

Previous to 1913, when the beef cattle industry in Canada was in a thriving condition, a very small investment, outside of that in cattle, was necessary to carry on the business. With the settling of the settler, and the consequent splitting up of the open range, the rancher was confined to a definite area. This change necessitated a more economical use of the range and the construction of fences, the development of watering places, and the production of winter feed. With these increased costs more attention was paid to the class of cattle raised, the percentage calf crop, and the death losses. Although the best known grazing problems were followed there was a decline in the carrying capacity of the ranges, and many areas became badly overgrazed. The result was depleted pastures, low fertility cattle entering the winter, and sub-normal gains in weight by marketable and breeding cattle.

It was not until 1926 that a demand arose for experimental work on the range, and following a survey in 1928 by the Dominion Experimental Farms, Department of Agriculture, it was decided to conduct experiments on the short grass plains to study methods of range management, with the object of improving the carrying capacity. As the outright purchases and equipping of an experimental ranch appeared to be unwise because of the large cost involved, it was decided that it would be more economical and more useful to co-operate with some rancher who had a long experience in ranching. Gilchrist Brothers of Medicine Hat, Alberta, offered their co operation, which was accepted and the experiments are now being carried out on this ranch.

The main project under investigation is known as the deferred and rotation system of grazing. It is usually carried out on three pastures, depending upon the conditions under which it is practised. The system is designed to defer grazing on each pasture twice in six years to allow each pasture to mature a crop of grass. On the station, hayfields, each comprising 3,740 acres, are used to determine the practicability of the scheme. The South field is grazed continuously and serves as a check on the other three fields. In order to determine what effect this system of grazing as a whole and whether or not the grass cover is improved, a thorough study of all factors affecting it is made.

An essential factor in range management is a reliable water supply. In this connection the development of natural watering facilities is being investigated. Other factors in range management being studied include the use of salt, the grass in weight by different classes of cattle, the possible limits of the grazing periods, the palatability and nutritive value of the range vegetation, the question of deferring or resting, the feeding value of hay kept several years in reserve, and the effect of frequent cutting on range hay production. As fencing occupies an important place in the ranch operations, the use of wood preservatives for the posts and cost of construction and maintenance are also being investigated.

In addition to the projects at the range station there are several other investigations being conducted in Alberta, Saskatchewan, and British Columbia, including an economic study of the vegetation of the prairie provinces, irrigated land, and a number of trials in the growing of forage crops for winter feeding. A beginning has been made on the study of the cost of production of range cattle in the different grazing areas, the object being, first to learn the financial returns from the various factors in the cattle business; secondly, to present a fair picture of the industry, and thirdly, to analyze the business for the purpose of learning which are the most profitable range practices to follow in the different districts.

New projects to be studied during 1930 will be the determination of the carrying capacity of the range land on the short grass plains, the winter feeding of cattle, the use of home-grown roughages and their economic value for basic and young younger stock to maturity, and the value of supplemental feeding to cattle on winter pasture.

When more complete information is available on summer grazing, winter feeding, and on cost of production, a fairly complete knowledge of all phases of the cattle industry will be available.

Small sponges were used for cleaning the teeth previous to tooth brushes, which were an 18th century invention.

Love's Secret

Never seek to tell thy love,
Love that never told can be ;
For the gentle wind doth move
Silently, invisibly.

I told my love, I told my love,
I told her all my heart,
Trembling, cold, in ghastly fears
Ah! she did depart.

Soon after she was gone from me,
A traveller came by,
Silently, invisibly.
He took her with a sigh.

—William Blake.

THE THREE GATES

If you are tempted to reveal
A tale someone has told
About a friend, make it pass,
Before you speak, three gates of gold;

These narrow gates: First, "Is it true?"
Then, "Is it needful?" In my mind
Give truthful answer, and the next
Is last and narrowest, "Is it kind?"

And if to reach your lips at last
It passes through these gateways three
Then you may tell the tale, nor fear
What the result of speech may be.

Clean—Convenient
Fast—Economical

NO woman who has ever cooked the modern Hotpoint way would willingly go back to any other form of cooking. It's so convenient to snap a switch and enjoy instant, clean cookery . . . so economical and time-saving to use Hotpoint's heating elements, famous for their unmatched speed.

And now Hotpoint offers a still finer range . . . *designed by women for women.* This new Hotpoint Hi-Speed Range has many exclusive features such as Hi-Speed Elements (faster by test); Super-Automatic Oven Control; long-life All-Steel Construction and the truly amazing Economy Cooker.

Start now to enjoy these outstanding advantages of the new Hotpoint Hi-Speed Range. Substantial reductions in prices (as low as $96) and convenient terms of payment make Hotpoint ownership easy.

DESIGNED by WOMEN for WOMEN

FOR SALE BY :
Union Power Company, Ltd.

CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC Co
Head Office Toronto
HR-70-B